

STATE NEWS TOLD IN A LINE OR TWO

SOME NEWS GATHERED FROM
WISCONSIN TOWNS.

Lancaster Murder Trial Ends With a Verdict of Manslaughter—The Death Roll of a Day—Bigamist Under Arrest—Hotel Keeper Fails—House and Barn Burns.

Lancaster, Wis., March 5.—A three day trial of Timothy Duggan on the charge of murdering Thomas Dolan, last June, resulted in a verdict of manslaughter in the fourth degree. Duggan kept a saloon on the Wisconsin side of the state line near East Dubuque. To get rid of Dolan, who importuned him for drink, he struck him over the head with a club. Dolan was found dead the next morning in a potato patch adjoining Duggan's house. D. N. Edham of this city and two criminal lawyers of Dubuque, Messrs. Mathews and Barnes, defended Duggan.

Death Roll of the State.
Elkhorn, Wis., March 5.—Carl Peglow, one of the oldest citizens of this city, a native of Germany, died at the age of seventy-two years. He had been a resident of Wisconsin thirty-five years.

Baraboo, Wis., March 5.—John G. Armbruster, who settled in Baraboo forty-five years ago, died here aged sixty-four years.

Necedah, Wis., March 5.—John C. Hutchinson, an old soldier and pioneer of this section, died aged sixty-five years. He came to Necedah in 1854. He served in the Fourth Wisconsin battery, light artillery, under Capt. D. L. Norgie of Beloit.

Mauston, Wis., March 5.—Mrs. J. C. Mossberg, wife of J. C. Mossberg, died of pleurisy. A husband and three small children survive her. The body will be taken to portage.

Said to Have Four Husbands.

Shell Lake, Wis., March 5.—Alma Percell of Spooner was brought before Justice Ryan charged with bigamy. It is alleged that she has been married four times and has three husbands living. The fourth husband is George Ford of Spooner. The case was continued until Saturday.

Capt. VanTassell's Sudden Death.

Racine, Wis., March 5.—Capt. William VanTassell was found dead in bed here, having died of dropsy. He was 73 years old. At one time he was a well known lake captain and for the past twenty-five years has been driving a hack between hotels and depots. Three daughters and a son survive him.

Hotelkeeper's Assignment.

Racine, Wis., March 5.—Captain Clinton Putnam, who conducts a hotel at Western Union Junction, made an assignment to Charles Lowell. The assets are stated to be \$500 and the liabilities about the same.

House and Barn Burns.

Butternut, Wis., March 5.—The house and barn of Paul Kanneberg, cashier of the Ashland county bank, were burned. The loss was \$2,000, with no insurance.

New York Village Fire Swept.

Rome, N. Y., March 5.—A big fire raged in the business section of this city this morning and the loss is heavy. The conflagration started in the rear of Bingham's six-story building about midnight. The blaze spread rapidly through the entire building, which is occupied by the Bingham Harness company and Willoughby carriage and sleigh works. A large stock of fine carriages and cutters was consumed. Paul Finster's harness shop also was consumed. It is estimated that the loss is \$150,000.

Gov. Atkinson Sworn In.

Charleston, W. Va., March 5.—At high noon Thursday G. W. Atkinson took the oath of office on the front steps of the state capitol as governor of West Virginia. The oath of office was administered by Judge McWhorter, the only Republican of the Supreme court, and elected at the same time.

Ex-Treasurer Bartley's Bond Refused.

Lincoln, Neb., March 5.—At his preliminary examination Thursday ex-Treasurer Bartley asked for a continuance until April 19. He offered a bond for \$50,000, which was not satisfactory, and was given until today to secure satisfactory bondsmen.

Exposition Aid Bill Passes.

Lincoln, Neb., March 5.—The exposition bill, house roll No. 19, as amended, appropriating \$100,000 to the trans-Mississippi exposition, was passed in the house by a vote of 70 to 20.

Sugar Bounty Bill Passes.

Lincoln, Neb., March 5.—The bill repealing the sugar bounty was passed by the senate. It now goes to the governor, who has announced that he will approve it.

SIX KILLED AND FORTY HURT.

Fatal Explosion of Gas Occurs at Boston Yesterday.

Boston, Mass., March 5.—Five men and one woman dead, two men dying and nearly two score persons of both sexes more or less seriously maimed, is the record in brief of an explosion which occurred in the very heart of this city Thursday. The hands of the clocks pointed at 11:47, when there was a rumble and a roar at the intersection of Tremont and Boylston streets, perhaps the busiest corner in Boston. This sound was heard in the state house on Beacon hill, and even on the farther banks of the river Charles. Gas escaping from a six-inch main, lying on top of the subway at that point, had been ignited in some mysterious manner by a passing electric car, and the result was an upheaval, in which the loss of life and destruction of property was alarming. The following are the killed:

GUILFORD D. BIGELOW, a conductor.

THE REV. WILLIAM A. START.
MISS AMELIA M. BATES.
DELANO H. SIBLEY.
WILLIAM L. VINAL.
BENJAMIN DOWNING.

Fatally injured:
BENJAMIN R. SARGENT, a driver.
PAUL HACKETT, a conductor.
Seriously hurt:

Fred Deely Boston, dislocated elbow, lacerated wound across the eyes and head; may die.

William Maybour, compound fracture of the base of skull.

Mrs. Horatio Bigelow, Boston, 80 years old, injured back.

Miss May Estowe, Waltham, fractured thigh, scalp wound.

W. Richardson, Newark, N. J., face and head cut.

S. D. Nycherson, Boston, secretary Masonic Temple, head and face cut by glass.

Samuel Morton, Detroit, Mich., actor, scalp wound five inches long.

John Gill, Boston, bad injury to shoulder.

An odor of gas had been perceptible at this corner throughout the morning. When the shock came timbers flew into the air. The ground trembled. Smoke floated upward, followed quickly by flashes of fire. The glass in a thousand windows fell outward or inward with a crash. Three west end cars were rounding the corner at the time, two of them propelled by electricity and one drawn by horses. They shot off the rails and skywards a distance varying from four to ten feet. They descended, twisting and breaking iron frames and grinding wood into splinters. The passengers found themselves with bleeding faces and broken limbs, imprisoned under a mass of wreckage which had caught fire.

The Rev. William A. Start, burser of Tufts college, a well-known Universalist clergyman, who had been passing the spot on foot, lay dead on the sidewalk.

Miss Amelia M. Bates and Miss Georgiana H. Bates had left their beautiful residence on Arlington street for a pleasure drive about town. Delano H. Sibley, the family coachman, was on the box. The party was in the very midst of the smoke and the flame. Amelia was seen as she was thrown forcibly from her seat against the front part of her carriage. Men rushed to help her, but they never reached her. Fire cut them off, and fire ended the life of the woman. The coachman, Sibley, fell from the box into the blaze and was dead in an instant. Georgiana, the sister, escaped and went home, where she collapsed, overcome by nervous excitement.

William L. Vinal, private secretary of Thomas W. Lawson, the State street banker, was on his way in a coupe to the Park Square station to meet and escort the daughters of his employer. He too was killed on the corner and with him the driver of the vehicle, Benjamin Downing.

Approximately the property losses are \$25,000.

Zanesville, Ohio, March 5.—The Baltimore & Ohio wrecking train left the track ten miles east of this city Thursday afternoon, as it was on its way to clear a freight wreck. Three railroad men, all of Newark, Ohio, were killed and several injured. The dead are:

ENGINEER AUGUSTUS DUTTON
FIREMAN JOHN.
BRAKEMAN JOHN TOOME.

The injured, none fatally, are:
Louis E. Smart.
A. Rinehart.
D. Dubois.

Disgrace to the Powers.

London, March 5.—Mr. Gladstone has sent the following telegram to Daily Chronicle: "To expel the Greeks from Crete and to keep as police the butchers of Armenia will further deepen the disgrace of the powers." A dispatch signed by 100 leading liberal and Irish nationalist members of the House of Commons was sent last evening to the King of Greece, expressing sympathy with his efforts and the efforts of the Greek nation and government on behalf of Crete.

Hisses for German Embassy.

Rome, March 5.—The whole Italian nation is enthusiastic over the Cretan struggle. Manifestations in behalf of the union of Crete to Greece are being held throughout the country and resolutions denouncing the bombardment of the insurgent position near Canea by the warships of the powers are being adopted. The German embassy and colleges are being repeatedly and strongly hissed.

Legislators Cheer McKinley.

Lansing, Mich., March 5.—The Republican and silver members of the legislature joined in a genuine love feast Thursday, and united in the adoption of resolutions congratulating President McKinley on his inauguration, and wishing him a successful administration. By a strict party vote James Kerr (silver) was declared not entitled to sit as representative from the second district of Saginaw county. The vacancy will be filled April 5.

More Warships for Spain.

Madrid, March 5.—At a meeting of the cabinet last evening an extraordinary credit was agreed to for the purpose of fitting out six additional warships.

Steamer Blanche Wrecked.

San Sebastian, Spain, March 5.—The French steamer Blanche was wrecked while leaving Pasages, three miles east of this port. The crew were lost.

Senator Wolcott Returns.

New York, March 5.—Senator Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado, who sailed for Europe some weeks ago, returned on the Majestic Thursday and started immediately for Washington. Senator Wolcott said: "My visit has been a satisfactory and interesting one. I am much encouraged by what I have ascertained, and am hopeful for the future. An international agreement for the remonetization of silver is entirely feasible, and its accomplishment, in my opinion, rests largely with the United States."

Three Indiana Officials Arrested.

Waterloo, Ind., March 5.—Three county officials, charged with embezzling and forging sums aggregating nearly \$8,000, were arrested Thursday. They are Auditor Frank A. Borst, ex-Treasurer Reuben Sawvel and ex-Surveyor Jacob Hook. The alleged crimes have been partially ferreted out by the grand jury, and the immediate cause for the arrests was upon the confession of Mr. Sawvel, who appeared before the grand jury and told all the facts as he knew them.

Ambassadors to Britain and France.

Washington, March 5.—It is understood that President McKinley will appoint the ambassadors to Great Britain and France at once and that John Hay will receive the appointment to St. James, and Gen. Horace Porter that to France.

More Warships for Spain.

Madrid, March 5.—At a meeting of the cabinet last evening an extraordinary credit was agreed to for the purpose of fitting out six additional warships.

Steamer Blanche Wrecked.

San Sebastian, Spain, March 5.—The French steamer Blanche was wrecked while leaving Pasages, three miles east of this port. The crew were lost.

IN THE LAST HOURS AT THE CAPITAL

HOUSE AND SENATE ADJOURN
WITHOUT DAY.

Deficiency Bill is Not Passed—Three Measures Receive "Pocket Veto" Speaker Reed Given a Unanimous Vote of Thanks by the House—Other Washington News.

Washington, March 5.—The senate of the LVth congress met Thursday in extra session, with Vice-President Hobart presiding, in pursuance to a call of the retiring president. The closing of the old, as well as the opening of the new, were emerged into the brilliant spectacle marking the advent of the inauguration ceremony, so that formal proceedings were confined largely to the valedictory of the retiring vice-president, Mr. Stevenson, the opening address of the new vice-president, Mr. Hobart, and the swearing into office of the new senators. The early hours of the day were given to the final steps of important legislation, the remaining appropriation bills. One—the general deficiency—failed in conference, and three—the agriculture, sundry civil and Indian—failed of executive approval.

Promptly at 12 o'clock Mr. Stevenson declared the senate of the LIVth congress adjourned without day, and the work of the new senate was at once taken up.

Senator Allison (Rep., Iowa) offered a resolution, which was agreed to, continuing in existence the present committees of the senate until their successors are selected.

A further disagreement on the deficiency bill was reported, and it was ordered back to conference.

At 10 o'clock the venerable Senator Morrill (Vt.) offered resolutions expressing the appreciation of the senate for the able and impartial discharge of the duties of the presiding officer, Mr. Stevenson. There was unanimous and hearty agreement to the resolutions.

Mr. Faulkner (W. Va.) followed with complimentary resolutions to Mr. Frye, president pro tem., which were adopted unanimously.

At 10:30 the formal proceedings were fast nearing an end, and on motion of Mr. Hoar the usual resolution was adopted for a committee of two senators to wait upon President Cleveland and inform him that the senate had concluded its labors and was ready to adjourn. Senators Hoar and Brice were appointed as the committee.

Mr. Hoar announced that the committee of congress had waited on the President, and that he had asked them to convey his congratulations on the close of their labors.

IN THE HOUSE.

Speaker Reed Given a Unanimous Vote of Thanks.

Washington, March 5.—The house was still in the legislative day of Tuesday when it adjourned without day. The closing hours were uneventful. The statesmen had worked all night to get the sundry civil, Indian and agricultural bills to the President, only to have them pocket vetoed, while the general deficiency failed of passage because the house refused to subscribe to the half million of Bowman claims which the senate insisted upon. The only feature of the closing throb of life was the enthusiastic reception accorded Speaker Reed, and the unanimous standing vote of thanks tendered him.

As Speaker Reed mounted the rostrum the members rose and cheered valiantly. He acknowledged the warm reception, and then delivered his parting address, as follows:

"Gentlemen of the House of Representatives: Two years ago you were summoned to your share of a legislative work which could not be otherwise than disagreeable, disappointing and unsatisfactory, for it involved a dismal struggle to adapt a narrowing income to the growing wants of a great nation, growing to be still greater. You were, most of you, untried to your new vocation. How others have performed their share of the task it is not for us to say. But it is proper for me to say that your share of the divided duty has been performed with so much readiness and good sense that even among the asperities of a heated campaign there was no room for any attack upon the House of Representatives."

"I am sincerely grateful for the kind expression of your confidence and esteem, but I am still more grateful for the daily kindness and good will on the part of every member on both sides of the house."

"To all of you, then, gentlemen of all parties. I offer the sincere expression of the highest personal regard."

With a blow of the gavel at 11:56 he then declared the house adjourned without day, and the members hurried over to the senate to participate in the ceremonies there.

Legislators Cheer McKinley.

Lansing, Mich., March 5.—The Republican and silver members of the legislature joined in a genuine love feast Thursday, and united in the adoption of resolutions congratulating President McKinley on his inauguration, and wishing him a successful administration. By a strict party vote James Kerr (silver) was declared not entitled to sit as representative from the second district of Saginaw county. The vacancy will be filled April 5.

More Warships for Spain.

Madrid, March 5.—At a meeting of the cabinet last evening an extraordinary credit was agreed to for the purpose of fitting out six additional warships.

Steamer Blanche Wrecked.

San Sebastian, Spain, March 5.—The French steamer Blanche was wrecked while leaving Pasages, three miles east of this port. The crew were lost.

Senator Wolcott Returns.

New York, March 5.—Senator Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado, who sailed for Europe some weeks ago, returned on the Majestic Thursday and started immediately for Washington. Senator Wolcott said: "My visit has been a satisfactory and interesting one. I am much encouraged by what I have ascertained, and am hopeful for the future. An international agreement for the remonetization of silver is entirely feasible, and its accomplishment, in my opinion, rests largely with the United States."

Three Indiana Officials Arrested.

Waterloo, Ind., March 5.—Three county officials, charged with embezzling and forging sums aggregating nearly \$8,000, were arrested Thursday. They are Auditor Frank A. Borst, ex-Treasurer Reuben Sawvel and ex-Surveyor Jacob Hook. The alleged crimes have been partially ferreted out by the grand jury, and the immediate cause for the arrests was upon the confession of Mr. Sawvel, who appeared before the grand jury and told all the facts as he knew them.

Ambassadors to Britain and France.

Washington, March 5.—It is understood that President McKinley will appoint the ambassadors to Great Britain and France at once and that John Hay will receive the appointment to St. James, and Gen. Horace Porter that to France.

More Warships for Spain.

Madrid, March 5.—At a meeting of the cabinet last evening an extraordinary credit was agreed to for the purpose of fitting out six additional warships.

Steamer Blanche Wrecked.

San Sebastian, Spain, March 5.—The French steamer Blanche was wrecked while leaving Pasages, three miles east of this port. The crew were lost.

GREECE HAS A CHIP ON HER SHOULDER

PLUCKY NATION WILL WEL-
COME WAR.

King George Will Not Comply With The Demands of the Powers—Refuses to Withdraw From Crete—Army Reserves Have Been Called Out—French Ships Leave.

Athens, March 5.—There is no longer any doubt that the reply of Greece to the identical notes of the powers delivered on Monday last, and insisting on the Greek fleet and troops leaving Crete within six days from that date, will be a negative. The reply of the Greek government will explain the reason why Greece cannot recall her forces, and why she considers the scheme for autonomy proposed by the powers to be inapplicable to Crete.

It is stated that the government has decided to call out the army reserves of 1890, 1889 and 1888, and that this step will be followed by a general mobilization of the Greek forces.

Meetings in favor of war with Turkey and of resistance to the powers are of daily occurrence, especially in Thessaly.

Reports are published here that the German officers in the Turkish army have been appointed to command the troops on the Greek frontier.

The Metropolitan of Athens has telegraphed to the archbishop of Canterbury as follows: "In the name of Jesus Christ raise your voice for the salvation and liberty of our Cretan brothers, who are cruelly oppressed."

Cannot Remove the Turks.

London, March 5.—In the commons Thursday Parliamentary Secretary Curzon of the foreign office stated the British government could not accept the responsibility of advising the withdrawal of Moslem troops and gendarmes from Crete as a condition of the withdrawal of the Greek troops, as it might involve a most deplorable loss of life.

Fires on an Italian Ship.

Constantinople, March 3 (delayed in transmission).—While an Italian mail steamer was passing through the straits of the Dardanelles last evening, a shot was fired across her bows from one of the forts ashore, although the vessel displayed the usual signals and had obtained the necessary permit to pass through the straits.

French Vessels Leave for Crete.

Toulon, March 5.—Three battleships and a cruiser have been ordered to sail immediately for the island of Crete, to reinforce the French fleet in those waters.

Elevator Is Burned.

Peoria, Ill., March 5.—At about 9:45 o'clock Thursday night fire was discovered near the roof of the Union elevator in the extreme lower end of the city by the watchman, who extinguished the flames. Later the fire burst out again. A general alarm was sent in, but the immense building was doomed to destruction, and the firemen were compelled to beat a hasty retreat from the building. The Union elevator was the property of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad company. It had a capacity of 1,000,000 bushels, and as nearly as can be ascertained contained about 900,000 bushels of grain. The loss is estimated at \$400,000, but no statement of insurance can be given.

Strike Threatened at Chicago.

Chicago, March 5.—More than fifty of the buildings now in process of construction or remodeling in this city will be deserted by the workmen after Monday, when what it is said will be almost a general strike of the building trades will be inaugurated, partly in account of an announced reduction in wages and partly through sympathy and affiliation with the Building Trades council.

Mount Names Prison Directors.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 5.—Governor Mount has appointed Hugh H. Hanna, this city; ex-Congressman George W. Cooper, Columbus; James R. Henry, Spencer, and Senator Ellison, Fort Wayne, directors of the Indiana reformatory at Jeffersonville. He also served notice on the general assembly that no bills for consideration would be received after Saturday night.

Mr. Eckels May Resign at Once.

Marietta, Ohio, March 5.—Reliable information received here is to the effect that Comptroller of the Currency Eckels will resign immediately, as he is in poor health, and does not care to continue under the McKinley administration. It is said that Charles G. Dawes of Chicago, to whom the place has been offered, is already arranging for an early residence in Washington.

Gov. Drake Slightly Hurt.

Washington, March 5.—Gov. Drake of Iowa, who is here attending the inauguration, was thrown from a chair in his private car, while en route to Washington Wednesday night, as the result of a slight railway accident, and sustained a painful injury to his spine. He was able to take part in the inaugural ceremonies.

Death of Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer.

Boston, Mass., March 5.—Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer, widow of the founder of the great Thayer & Brother banking house, died Thursday, leaving a fortune of over \$15,000,000.

Weyler Denies Resignation.

Havana, March 5.—Capt. Gen. Weyler has returned from Gibraltar. He specifically denied to the Associated Press that he had resigned, adding that he had never even contemplated it.

Very Little Done

BY LEGISLATORS

SHORT SESSION HELD IN BOTH HOUSES.

No Charge Made on the Medical Bill—University President Bill Set For Wednesday—Assembly Recalls the Constitutional Amendment and Sets It For Tuesday.

Madison, Wis., March 5.—[Special]—Expected developments regarding the charges of bribery over the medical bill did not take place in the assembly this morning. Both houses held very short sessions. For the first time this session the two houses failed to agree upon the time of adjournment, the assemblymen voting to go home at noon and the senate deciding at 5 o'clock.

The bill removing the president of the university from the board of regents was made a special order for Wednesday next and the medical bill was set for Thursday.

The amendment to the constitution establishing a state board of pardons came up when Assemblyman Stone called up the motion made last night to reconsider the vote by which the amendment was killed. Mr. Hall of Dunn, moved to suspend rules and consider the motion and after a short debate over the legality of his motion, the motion prevailed and the amendment was laid before the house and made a special order for Tuesday.

Dr. Merriman's Bill.

Madison, Wis., March 5.—Before the senate judiciary committee Mr. Merriman of Beloit appeared yesterday afternoon in support of his bill No. 2364, providing that no person not a citizen be eligible to hold public office. He said that his idea in introducing the bill was to place a premium on American citizenship. He thought it would be in the nature of an education to a great many people. The members of the committee seemed of the opinion that everything or nearly everything sought for in the bill is provided in the present law, and that there is no necessity for the passage of a new law.

Patriots Close to Havana.

Detachments of Cuban Insurgents Threaten the Capital.
Havana, March 5.—Over 5,000 rebel cavalry are now in the heart of Matanzas province, less than eighty miles from Havana. They have met and defeated 1,200 Spaniards in a great battle, and no organized forces of importance are near to oppose them.

Pancho Carrillo commands. With him are Capt. Lynn and his dynamite gun. A mysterious American girl is said to be with them.

Gomez is said to have remained behind, and has divided the forces of all the infantry into small parties, and himself has retreated to Puerto Principe, where it is confirmed that President Cisneros is dead of pneumonia.

Bartolomeo Masso, the vice-president, has succeeded to the presidency, and Lieut.-Gen. Magia Rodriguez has been appointed military governor of the west, Ruiz Rivera commander of Pinar del Rio province, Alexander Rodriguez of Havana province, Evelino Rosas of Matanzas, and Calixto Garcia of the east. These are the appointments of the new president.

Would Like Us to Build It.
Washington, March 5.—The President has sent to the senate the correspondence on file in the state department relative to the Nicaragua canal. Among other documents is a communication from Minister Baker to Secretary Olney, in which an interview with President Zelaya of Nicaragua is set forth. In the interview President Zelaya is quoted as expressing the hope that the United States government would take up the enterprise. He said it would be easy to transfer the contract to this country.

Killed at a Grade Crossing.
Niles, Mich., March 5.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph McKee, who live four miles west of Marcellus, were instantly killed by a fast west-bound train on the Grand Trunk railroad there Thursday afternoon. They were on their way home with their 7-year-old grandchild, when they were struck by the train on a crossing. Both of the old people were killed and also the team. The little child was thrown several feet, but escaped injury.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy.
Washington, March 5.—It is reported and credited at the navy department that Representative John B. Robinson of Pennsylvania, a member of the house navy committee, has been selected to succeed Mr. McAdoo as assistant secretary of the navy.

Mr. Cleveland Takes a Cruise.
Washington, March 5.—Ex-President Cleveland, accompanied by Capt. Lamberton, Dr. Leonard A. Wood of Boston, and Capt. Robley Evans, left here on the lighthouse tender Maple at 3:25 o'clock Thursday. At Portsmouth the party will transfer to the Violet and proceed to the North Carolina Sounds.

BRUTAL WORK DONE BY UNKNOWN MEN

ORFORDVILLE MAN'S HORSE WAS NOT STOLEN.

Was Found Hitched in the Woods,
Nearly Dead From Exposure and
Exhaustion, Having Been There
For Several Days—Some Other
News of the County.

Orfordville, March 5—A most brutal piece of cruelty came to light here on Wednesday. On the night of February 23, a horse and buggy mysteriously disappeared from in front of the hotel, and no trace of the same could be gotten. After several days the owner supposed that the rig had been stolen, and verified the same, offering reward for any information regarding it. On Wednesday, while one of Peter Zwigart's boys, who lives a mile west of Spring Valley Corners, was at work in the woods, he noticed what seemed to be a horse, tied at some distance from him, and upon investigation found the poor brute tied to a tree, almost dead from cold and exhaustion, covered with ice and snow. The fact that the horse had been tied there the entire time, is proven by the fact that on the morning of February 23, the boy in passing the place had noticed the same horse tied at the same place, but thinking that it belonged to someone who was hunting in the woods, gave the matter no further thought until he discovered him in this condition on Wednesday. The place where the horse was tied was in thick timber and about forty rods back from the road.

While returning from the concert on Thursday evening a daughter of Rev. J. A. Bergh slipped on the icy sidewalk in front of the Terry building and fractured one of the bones of her ankle. She was taken to the home of B. M. Johnson, where she was soon made as comfortable as possible.

It costs one dollar in the court at Janesville for one Orfordville man to call another a liar. If some philanthropist would look after the matter closely, the coffers of Rock county might be greatly enriched with cash from Orfordville, and some of our citizens might do well to make arrangements for "six for five dollars."

The W. F. M. society held their regular monthly meeting at the church parlors on Wednesday, and served a 15 cent dinner in connection. A home talent concert company from Footville, assisted by Mrs. O. H. Brand of Janesville, gave a concert at the opera house on Saturday night. A fair sized audience was present and enjoyed the entertainment. Had it been more thoroughly advertised there would doubtless have been a larger audience. Miss Lissie Russell is on the sick list at the home of Mrs. Warren Taylor.

The musical and literary entertainment given at the opera house on Thursday evening by the C. L. S. C. assisted by Rev. O. J. Kvale and Miss Louise Strand was a marked success. Although the weather was stormy a good sized audience was present and all were highly pleased. At the close of the regular program Prof. O. R. Dahl rendered several choice selections on the guitar which were greatly enjoyed. The proceeds are to be used to establish a public library and reading room. The members of the society have been requested to repeat the entertainment in the near future.

Mrs. L. Harris and daughter Carrie are both sick with the grip. Prof. O. R. Dahl, of Seattle, Wash., is visiting his father Mr. Paul A. Dahl. Mrs. Joseph Garbutt is enjoying a visit from her sister, Miss Susie Taylor is home after an extended visit at Davenport, Iowa. There was a very pleasant social gathering at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Egan, of the town of Plymouth on Saturday, Feb. 27, the occasion being the tenth anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Egan.

SOME NEWS FROM MILTON TOWN.

Not% of Interest Are Gathered By The Gazette Correspondent.

THE GAZETTE AGENCY,
W. W. CLARKE, Manager,
Milton, Wis., March 5, 1897

The visit of the Janesville Rebels to the lodge in this village on Monday evening, occurred at an inopportune time. Many of the members here being sick, but the visitors appreciated the situation and the occasion was an enjoyable one for all concerned.

A the recent annual meeting of Wisconsin Association of Life Underwriters at Milwaukee, the retiring president, James B. Estee, son of Deacon Henry Estee of this village, was called. The gentleman who made the presentation speech said in closing: "Mr. Estee: As a mark of our high esteem and appreciation of your faithful and invaluable services, we present you with this gold headed cane with the desire that it may always be to you a token of the friendship and good will we bear toward you as a gentleman, a life underwriter and as a president."

The Congregational Christian Endeavor Society will give a concert at their church Tuesday evening, with the gramophone. This is the first Milton people have had an opportunity of hearing this talking machine, and it only costs 10 cents.

W. A. Thompson came up from Beloit to attend the Epworth League rally, but was taken sick Saturday and has been an involuntary guest at Al. Gifford's as a consequence.

W. H. Waterman has sold his hulk of 900 tobacco this week to Culton

of Edgerton at three and one fourth and one and Vincent & Schultz refused an offer of four and one for a similar crop.

Ellis & Van Vechten have our thanks for a copy of "The Philosopher," their new monthly, hailing from Warsaw. It's a dandy neat little publication, has merit, and is a credit to its publishers.

This locality sent a large delegation to the Midwinter fair.

The Latin department of the college has been increased by the addition of Leland Campbell Shaw, who first saw the light of day on Wednesday.

Artist E. H. Burdick did not attend the Milwaukee meeting of the State Photographers' association this week, but was represented by his pictures.

Mrs. A. P. Rice, who has been sick for the past two weeks with la grippe and throat trouble, is improving.

E. B. Saunders went to Coloma Tuesday, where he will spend a week in evangelistic labors.

William Oates sold his hulk out to-bacco Tuesday to Culton of Edgerton, at 3 to 1. The crop will make about fifty cases.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Richardson, of Rockford, Ill., visited at A. P. Rice's this week.

Mr. Powers of Palmyra, was a guest of L. R. Richmond, Tuesday.

One of the managers of the Globe Shoe Company, which opens at the old Becker and Woodruff store today in Janesville, is Grant Stannard, an old time Miltonite.

There is a new blacksmith in town and his father is Ben Ballard, but he will not be of age until 1918.

A gang of Western Union men have been here for several days stringing new wires for the company.

The members of the Grand Army Post have decided not to have a camp fire this season.

C. B. Godfrey and family are now residents of this village moving into their new home this week.

Principal Clarke is on the sick list and Mrs. Whitford and Miss Nettie Spaulding have been teaching in his place.

George Crandall and family of Woodward, Iowa, arrived in town Thursday and will move onto Goodrich's "Sundyside" farm at Storrs' lake.

At the meeting of the Milton Anti-Horse Thief society held Thursday forty-one new members joined the society.

The Junior class gave a sleighing party Wednesday evening.

Miles Kice who has been on the sick list again, is able to be out.

Dr. A. Crandall is recovering from his recent illness.

Dave Holmes made a business trip to Shoplers Wednesday.

COAL SELLS FOR \$6.50 AT CLINTON.

Some Other News Notes From The Junction Village.

Clinton, March 5—Hard coal is now selling here for \$6.50 per ton. Mrs. H. N. Morris visited friends at Beloit Wednesday. Herman Bailing and Miss Marie Budker were married at the Lutheran church Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. Roehrs officiating.

Mrs. S. M. Fisher and son Scott visited friends at Janesville Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. J. Banderson's little daughter is very sick at the present writing. T. P. Burns is moving his stock of dry goods to Janesville this week. A large number of our citizens visited the midwinter fair at Janesville this week. George Slater Sundayed at Janesville. Miss Mattie Watts is visiting friends at Watertown. Miss Kittie Hastings has been visiting relatives and friends in Chicago the past week. Mrs. W. H. Crow of Center visited her daughter, Mrs. S. M. Fisher, the past week. C. M. Dow was down from Madison to attend the midnight club party. J. D. Mehahey has been at Sterling, Ill., the past week. Mrs. F. A. Bird visited friends and relatives at Elkhorn the past week. W. A. Mayhew transacted business in Janesville on Thursday.

Mrs. Johnson and Mrs. Fader, of Chicago, are visiting their parents Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Babcock. Miss Everett returned to her home at Mukwonago on Wednesday. Charles Lee went to Chicago Wednesday night with a car of stock. Peters and Benedict is the name of our new lumber firm. Mrs. W. A. Stone visited her mother at Beloit on Thursday. A Woodard returned home Wednesday evening from an extended visit in the east. James Waugh transacted business in Chicago on Thursday. George Miller came up from Sharon and spent Sunday with his mother. Hon. S. S. Northrop transacted business in Janesville on Tuesday. H. A. Moehlenpach transacted business at Minneapolis last week. S. B. Heddes of Janesville, transacted business here, Monday. F. C. Bradley transacted business here on Monday. Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Fisher did shopping in Chicago, Friday. G. H. Prickett of Crystal Lake, Ill., is acting as night operator during the absence of Mr. Churchill. E. W. Cheever attended the Midwinter fair at Janesville on Tuesday. The midnight club dance which was held at Cheesman's hall on Thursday evening, was largely attended, and all report a very pleasant time.

THE WOODMEN'S CLUB DANCE

Very Pleasant Social Event at Concordia Hall Last Night.

Members of the Modern Woodmen's Social Dancing club joined in a social party at Concordia hall last evening, and the affair was a very successful one. About seventy-five couples were present. Merrill's orchestra of four pieces played, and the floor managers were George Ains, W. H. Corneau, Dr. R. L. Brown and Will Strang. The next dance of the season will be given two weeks' from last night, March 18. The final party will be a masquerade after Lent.

HOWE IS GUILTY THE JURORS SAY

DARIEN MURDER TRIAL IS FINISHED.

The Defendant is Declared to be The
Murderer of His Brother Who Was
Found Dead in the Road Near
That Village Last Spring—Evidence
All Circumstantial.

Elkhorn, Wis., March 5—The jury the fratricide case against Leroy Howe after being out seven hours during which they returned to the court room once and asked for information, and returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree last night. They recommended the prisoner, however, to the mercy of the court.

D. B. Barnes, attorney for the defense at once asked that the verdict be set aside and applied for a new trial. His request was entered.

The prisoner never flinched when he heard the verdict fall from the lips of Foreman George Pearce. Afterwards however, when a consultation with



Leroy Howe.

[Who Was found guilty of the murder of his brother, Charles.]

his attorney, he broke down completely and wept bitterly.

The forenoon was occupied by District Attorney Sumner's closing address. It was a convincing argument as to the guilt of the defendant. He reviewed all the circumstances brought out and wrought an iron chain of circumstantial evidence around the prisoner, not one link being missing.

Short Charge by Court.

The judge's charge to the jury was short. He did not attempt to review the evidence, for this he said, had been thoroughly covered by the arguments of the counsel. He explained to the jurors the points of law bearing upon the case, and asked that they consider all the evidence judiciously and return a verdict in accordance with the facts. The jurors were much moved when they returned the verdict. The verdict is in accordance with the general public feeling. The jurors were: George Pierce, Elkhorn, foreman; P. R. Jackson, Delavan; Albert Brownlee, East Troy; Thomas Lee, La Grange; C. S. Serl, Delavan; Luther Bray, Richmond; John Blunt, Louis Krosch, East Troy; Frank Wintermute, Watertown; Elmer Whitmore, Spring Prairie; James S. Brooks, East Troy; John Heck, Lyons.

Evidence of Guilt.

Leroy Howe was charged with the murder last fall of his brother Charles. The body of the elder brother was found lying by the roadside with a slip of paper pinned to a sweater upon his person, containing directions that his life insurance go to Leroy. Certain circumstances pointed to suicide, but the evidence at the trial showed that young Howe had killed his brother in the hope of receiving the insurance. The fact that he was with Charles when last the latter was seen alive, and that experts identified the handwriting on the slip were the principal evidences of his guilt.

CALEDONIAN SOCIETY MEETS

Alex. McGregor Vice President and Dr. Gibson Secretary.

The annual meeting of the Rock County Caledonian society was held yesterday and officers were elected as follows:

Vice President—Alex. McGregor. Secretary—Dr. James Gibson. Treasurer—John Harvey. Directors—Dr. James Mills, Alex. Galbraith, Collin C. MacLean, James Scott, George Skinner, J. P. Thomas, and L. L. Fletcher.

The following resolutions on the death of Matthew Paterson were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, God, in His Providence, has seen fit to move from our society our late fellow member and associate, Matthew Paterson; therefore

RESOLVED, That in the death of Matthew Paterson the Rock County Caledonian society has lost an old and esteemed member one who had a deep and abiding interest in all its aims and purposes, and who by his genial and kindly disposition will long be remembered and his memory cherished by the members of the society; that the community has lost an honorable, upright and worthy husband and father, and that we tender them our heartfelt sympathy in their affliction.

RESOLVED, That these resolutions be entered upon the records of the society and a copy sent to the bereaved family.

JAMES SHEARER,
JAMES MILLS,
P. J. MCUT,
Committee.

THE BUSINESS MEN ORGANIZE.

Form a Society for Mutual Protection
Against Dead Beats.

Janesville business men formed a mutual protective association last night, for the purpose of guarding against losses by reason dead beats. Officers were elected as follows:

President—Frank H. Baack
First Vice President—Charles B. Conrad.

Second Vice President—F. S. Winslow.

Secretary—Charles A. Sanborn.

Treasurer—C. C. Bennett.

A board of directors was selected consisting of J. M. Bostwick, Wilbur F. Carle, I. C. Brownell, Pliny Norcross and J. W. Hodgdon.

A committee consisting of Charles B. Conrad, A. E. Rich, Pliny Norcross and Wilbur F. Carle was named to consult with the local legislators and urge their support to a bill now before the legislature.

VAUDEVILLE COMPANY IS GOOD

Excellent Performance At the Myers' Grand Last Evening.

The International Vaudeville company gave an excellent performance at the Myers Grand last evening, and a big audience was present. Although the company plays at popular prices, they give an entertainment above the average. The members of the company are all artists in their various lines, and are well known to theatre goers. Banks Wilkerson, the famous tenor soloist Billy Link, Cloud and Kershaw, the Randalls, Chinese Johnny Williams, Miss Willette Chartiers, the Grayson sisters, Gale and Trumbull, and George Bruno compose the company, and the pictures thrown on the stage by the animatroscope are very interesting. The company gives more value for the money than any popular priced attraction that has yet visited this city.

NIGHT TELEPHONE RATE CUT

Price Is Reduced Nearly One-Half By a Recent Order.

The Wisconsin Telephone company reduced night telephone rates nearly one-half. The cheaper rates are offered of from 6 p. m. till 8 a. m. The night rate to Milwaukee was 45 cents, but it is now 25, while to Beloit can be "called up" at an expense of 10 cents instead of 15. The reduction only applies to cities within the state.

A DAY'S NEWS IN THE TOWN.

A. O. VINCENT has the grip.

Dr. JOE WHITING is home from Chicago.

ENCAMPMENT Old Fellows will meet tonight.

DUCK shooters are getting ready for business.

Miss Lizzie Kennedy is home from Fort Atkinson.

Good Templars will meet at their rooms this evening.

REMEMBER the revival meetings at the First M. E. church.

This is the regular rehearsal night for the Y. M. C. A. band.

Mrs. Richard Thelle entertained the Innocents Abroad this afternoon.

The city physicians will meet at the municipal court room this evening.

The school board will meet at the High school building this evening.

This is the regular meeting night for members of the United Workmen.

The midnight express on the C. & N. W. road was half an hour late last night.

The Art League met with Mrs. John Cunningham this afternoon at three o'clock.

The Vaudeville company will give a matinee on Saturday afternoon at the Myers Grand.

The International Vaudeville company will be seen again at the Myers Grand this evening.

Miss Lulu Edwards of Fort Atkinson, who have been the guests of Mrs. P. S. Bonesteel, has returned home.

ACCORDING to the regular schedule, the League of the Sacred Heart of St. Mary's church will meet this evening at the church.

Mrs. William Gile and daughter, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. Frederick, left for their home in Minnesota today.

THE automatic fire alarm from the Janesville Machine company's plant got out of order early this morning, and an alarm followed. No damage was done.

ALL Souls Culture club meets this evening with Mrs. J. J. Hall and Miss Chittenden will read a paper on the life and writings of Oliver Wendell Holmes.

Very Low Rate Excursions to the West and South.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

On March 16, April 6 and 20, the Northwestern line will sell Home Seeker's excursion tickets, with favorable time limits to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.
THE BIG STORE 20, 22, 24, 26, S. MAIN ST.
JANESVILLE, WIS.
"WE KEEP THE QUALITY UP"

Our Business Year

starts March 1st under very favorable auspices. We have finished taking inventory and the balance shows up on the right side. In the face of the trade conditions prevalent during the past year our business has kept up remarkably well, and the future looks bright.

New Goods for Spring

are arriving every day and our stock will soon be in excellent shape to meet the demands of our large army of customers. Various lines of goods have been selected with great care, and when all are in place we will have an immense variety of entirely new things that cannot be found outside of this store.

A Skirt at \$1.75

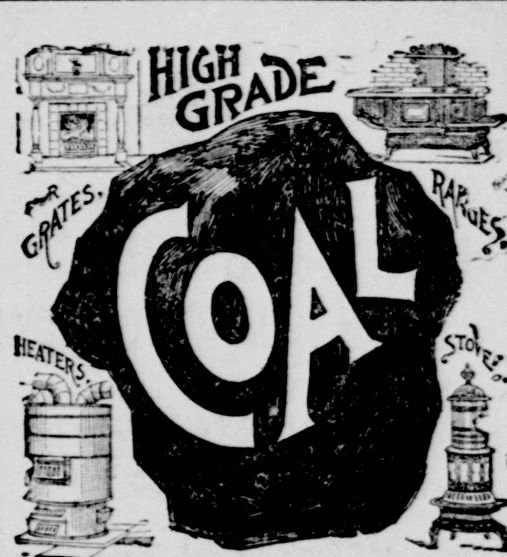
a figured wool skirt, black, with with the proper hang, full, well made, good lining. A great skirt for \$1.75.

You Would hardly Think

that we could offer you any kind of a Cloak for 25c, but we will put on sale Monday morning about Fifty Cloaks at 25 cents each. Also a liberal lot at 50c, \$1.00, \$2.00, \$3.00, \$4.00. There are many women and children in need of a new cloak and was there ever such an opportunity presented to get one.

We Are Selling Cloaks Cheap.

Agents for McCall Bazar patterns, 10c and 15c.—none higher—and McCall publications.



Good coal.
Better satisfaction.
Best results.

JANESVILLE COAL CO.
P. E. NEUSES, Secretary
Telephone 89.

NEVER CHANGES

Always the same in taste, in quality, in weight, and in general goodness.

Quaker Bread

leads in every point. None so pure. It's time to try it if you haven't. Haul the wagon, get a card, hang it on your porch, or call at the

WEST SIDE BAKERY.

161 W. Milwaukee St.
..PAUL GEHRKE, Prop..

Dainty Dress Goods...

Twenty-five pieces part wool and all-wool novelties, just from New York; beautiful patterns & weaves 25c

Special bargain at 3 1-2c Friday and Saturday, March 5 & 6. White Goods--Nainsooks--small checks, suitable for Aprons & Children's Dresses, goods that are staple value at 6c we sell for two days 3 1/2c at the phenomenal price: 3 1/2c

All-wool Dress Goods, brown and white checks, mixed light blue, Nile green & white checks, 38 in. wide, 50c all the rage

Beautiful line of fancies at 75c 90c and \$1. Stripes, small checks and fancy colors. A number of small check patterns in light blue have drawn much attention in our window today.

Pretty line of Percales—goods that you pay 12 1/2c for—we are able to offer at 10c.

H. HOFFMASTER & SON,
8 South Main St.

**RUMMAGE
THROUGH THE
STOREROOM**
Get your Magazines together and have them bound.
65c
for a substantial cloth and leather binding. Magazines are worth taking care of.
W.E. CLINTON & CO.
32 S. Main St., Janesville.
(Over Conrad & Co.)
Telephone 223.

THE OVERFLOW OF LOCAL NEWS.

JANESVILLE MARKET PRICES.

Quotations On Grain And Produce as Reported For The Gazette.

The following figures show the range of prices in the local market.

Wheat—Good to best; Patent, \$1.10 to \$1.25 per bushel.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—25c per 10 lb. sack.

WHEAT—Fair to best quality 65 @ 70c.

BUCKWHEAT—30 @ 35c per 10 lb. sack.

BARLEY—Rings at 21c according to quality.

JOHN—Oat, 18 @ 20c; new, per 75 lbs., 14 @ 15c.

OATS—white, 13 @ 15c.

CLOVER SEED—\$3.00 @ \$3.75 per bushel.

TIMOTHY SEED—8c @ \$1.00 per bushel.

HAY—Per ton, \$7.00 @ \$7.50.

STRAW—\$4.00 @ \$5.00 per ton.

MEAL—25c per 100 lbs. Baked \$1.00.

FEED—20 @ 25c per 100 lbs. \$10.00 per ton.

BRAN—15c per 100 lbs; \$8.00 per ton.

MIDDLINGS—50c per 100, \$10.00 per ton.

POREAMS—20c @ 25c per bushel.

BUTTER—16c @ 18c.

Eggs—17c @ 18c per dozen.

POULTRY—Turkeys, 9 @ 11 chickens, 6 @ 7.

WOLVES—11c @ 13c for waste; 8c @ 11c for fur.

HIDES—Green, 5c @ 6c; dry, 8c @ 10c.

SKINS—Range at 15c @ 45c each.

Excursion Rates to Washington.

For the benefit of those desiring to witness the inauguration of the next president of the United States, the Baltimore & Ohio R. R. will sell excursion tickets at one fare for the round trip from all points on its lines in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. Tickets will be sold March 1, 2 and 3, valid for return until March 5. Similar tickets, via B. & O. R. R. will be sold by all the railroads throughout the west. In addition to being the shortest and most direct line to Washington, the B. & O. passes through a region of greater scenic magnificence and historic interest than any in all America. Passengers also have the option of traveling via Akron and Pittsburgh or via Bellaire and Grafton either going or returning. The through trains of the B. & O. are vestibuled throughout, equipped with Pullman Sleepers and the Dining Car.

If you have ever seen a child it the agony of croup, you can appreciate the gratitude of the mothers who know that One Minute Cough Cure relieves their little ones as quickly as it is administered. Many homes in this city are never without it. C. D. Stevens.

Home Seekers' Excursions.

Home Seekers' round trip excursion tickets to points in Iowa, Minnesota, the Dakotas, Northern Wisconsin, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, Texas, Mississippi, Louisiana, Georgia, Indian Territory, Kansas, Arkansas, Alabama. In Florida on the Louisville & Nashville railroad North and South Carolina, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Kentucky and western portion of Colorado will be sold by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway at half fare plus \$2.00 on January 5 and 19, February 2 and 16, March 2 and 16 and April 6 and 20, 1897.

E. E. Turner, of Compton, Mo., writes us that after suffering from piles for seventeen years, he completely cured them by using three boxes of De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures eczema and severe skin diseases. C. D. Stevens.

If the Baby Is Cutting Teeth. Be sure and use that old and well tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

A Verbal Distinction.

"There are a great many men looking for work," said the philanthropist. "Perhaps," said Senator Sorghum, as he laid aside a pile of letters; "but it seems to me there must be a great many more looking for positions."—Washington Star.

Sadly Changed.

A pensive maid she was, they said. With calm and thoughtful brow; But she has changed since she was wed—She is ex-pensive now. —Up-to-Date.

THE DIVIDED FAMILY.

Jim—Where are your folks going this summer?
Tom—Don't know yet. Ma wants society and pa wants boating and fishing, but I am backing up pa.—N. Y. Truth.

A Snowstorm.
Oh, how can the sweetness of poetry flow When this is the topic it seeks;
It is "Beautiful Snow" for a minute or so And it's slush for a couple of weeks. —Washington Star.

The Proper Word.
"My love for you," cried the lover, "is worth more to me than all the gold and precious stones—and—and—"
"Coal, George," she suggested.—Philadelphia North American.

Why She Was Happy.
Ella—Is Belle happily married?
Stella—I guess so; her husband is a sailor and is away three years at a time. Town Topics.

Two Defendants Discharged and One Convicted of Assault.

The assault and battery case of the state against Dr. Manley and his two sons of Shopiers, ended in the municipal court last evening. The jury found Dr. Manley and his son, Howard, not guilty. They found Roy Manley, the youngest son, guilty of assault and battery. Municipal Judge Phelps imposed a fine of two dollars and one third of the costs, amounting in all to \$23.88, which he paid.

It is surprising what a "wice bit" of a thing can accomplish. Sick headache, constipation, dyspepsia, sour stomach, dizziness, are quickly banished by De Witt's Little Early Risers. Small pill. Safe pill. Best pill. C. D. Stevens.

FANCY new pickles 15 cents a gallon or 5 cents a quart at Sanborn's.

Love at First Sight.

Friend—So yours was a case of love at first sight?
Mrs. Loney—Yes, indeed. I fell desperately in love with my dear husband the moment I set eyes upon him. I remember it all as distinctly as if it were yesterday. I was walking with papa on the promenade at Brighton, when suddenly papa stopped, and pointing him out, said: "There, my dear, is a man worth £50,000."—Tit-Bits.

A Limited Monarchy.

Mr. Bluff (host at a little dinner of male friends)—Yes, gentlemen, I hold that every man should be master of his own house. There is no other way. Well, as you are all through, gentlemen, suppose we adjourn to the library for a smoke.

Waggish Guest—Why not smoke here in this grand old dining-room?
"Um! Mrs. Bluff won't let us."—N. Y. Weekly.

Anything Handy.

When Mr. Jones and Miss Smith made a match. The ladies said he was a splendid catch. But since they married comes the news so grim—He needs to be she throws so much at him! —N. Y. Tribune.

TOO EFFEMINATE.

"No, Miss Constance, I do not 'bike.' The practice has become so effeminate, you know."—Punch.

The Lure of Money.

Once Cupid of the silken wing Made simple hearts to leap and sing; Now men are wiser—hearts are cold—His feeble wings are made of gold. —Chicago Record.

The Bird Movement.

Mrs. Gazzam—Isn't it strange that Americans should be importing birds from England?
Mr. Gazzam—Who says we do?
Mrs. Gazzam—The paper to-day says that 5,000 eagles were taken from the Bank of England and shipped over to America.—N. Y. Tribune.

A Sarcastic Papa.

Father (upstairs)—What time is it down there?
Mamie (down in the parlor)—Just ten by the clock, papa.
Father—All right. Don't forget to start the clock again when the young man leaves.—N. Y. Journal.

Written by a Man.

Edwin—How do you know that it was a man that wrote the novel?
Helen—Because the story takes you over a space of ten years and the heroine never changes her dress but once.—Pearson's Weekly.

The Horse and the Wheel.

"After all, there's a close affinity between the bicycle and the horse."
"How so?"
"I saw a red-headed bloomer girl to-day, and there were three white bicycles directly behind her."—N. Y. Truth.

Dumped.

"I'm very sorry to hear, Grumpy, that you and your wife had a falling out. How did it happen?"
"The horse started before we were ready and the seat of the cutter gave way."—Detroit Free Press.

Evasive.

She—If you were to find that I had lost all my fortune—every penny of it—would you hesitate to carry out our engagement?
He—I would hesitate at nothing.—Indianapolis Journal.

Relief In Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary system in male or female. It relieves irritation of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you are troubled with any of these symptoms, write to E. B. Helmstreet, druggist, Janesville, Wis.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—A flat brass key. Owner may have same by proving property and paying for this notice.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—7-room house, with barn, 106 Chatham street; \$7 per month.

FOR RENT—Seven-room house on Cornelia 2d ward. Enquire at 153 Cornelia St. In good repair. Nicely located.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, very cheap—'96 lady's Columbia bicycle, good as new, at Sheldon's.

FOR SALE—My residence, at the corner of Wheeler and South Bluff streets. House has all modern improvements, and will be sold at a bargain. E. Hayman.

FOR SALE, at a Bargain—F. H. Kemp's new house, in the Second ward. D. Conger.

FOR SALE—Two boilers suitable for factory work. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE CHEAP—If taken soon—One of the finest homes in the city. Inquire at 209 Center avenue, city.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Two good building lots, but little money required. Will take city property. D. Conger.

FOR EXCHANGE—Ten acres of fine land near the city. What have you to trade? D. Conger, room 7 Lippin block.

WANTED.

NOTICE—If you have Western or Southern land, improve it, clear it, or sell it, let it be a d I can dispose of it for you. D. Conger.

WANTED—Salesman; salary paid weekly, experience unnecessary; permanent. Brown Brothers Co., Chicago.

WANTED—By young man attending the school—place to work mornings and evenings and Saturdays for board. Valentine Bros.

WANTED—by lady in country, competent girl for housework. Address C. Gazette.

WANTED—High-grade man or woman of good social and good church standing; first willing to run our business, then to act as manager and correspondent. Salary \$15 a week. Enclose self-addressed stamp & envelope to E. J. Wenkes, General Manager, care Daily Gazette.

ALL Souls Culture Club.

PEOPLE'S Lodge I. O. G. T.

Y. M. C. A. band rehearsal.

OLIVE Branch Lodge A. O. U. W.

MONTHLY meeting of the school board.

Rock River Encampment No. 3, I. O. O. F.

REVIVAL meetings at the First M. E. church.

LEAGUE of the Sacred Heart of St. Mary's church.

INTERNATIONAL Vaudeville company at the Myers' Grand.

MEETING of the city physicians in the municipal court room.

Killed By Popularity.

When on his death bed Du Maurier declared that popularity had killed him.

I believe he spoke the truth, and that he made a better diagnosis of his malady than the scientific one which the doctors give. Under a nervous strain such as "Triby's" creator endured, no man may last long unless his heart be of stone and his nerves of steel.

Long years before, in the quest of fame and fortune, the poor artist (as all poor artists do), had worn out his nervous system—as many a man of genius has done before the unheeding world discovered that he was verily of God's elect.

And then when the thunder-burst of applause did come, the shock was too great—and it killed him.

"Killed by popularity!" It sounds incredible, doesn't it?

And yet popularity is what killed poor Shelley, and the tender-hearted Keats, and, latterly, our own Eugene Field.

But, brother, to have written such things as these men wrote might make one well content to die in the fullness of one's prime.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

A Legend.

By Alice Evans Stone.

Long since, above the Indian maiden's grave.

Behind low bars her lover caged a bird;

Until what time the strange, sweet gift of song

Should in heart-piercing measures first be heard.

Then holding in his hand that fluttering form,

To it he breathed his messages of love;

These, the free bird's glad minstrelsy upbore

Unto the maid he mourned, the clouds above.

So I beside a low, dark mound still stand,

Waiting until my long-imprisoned bird

Shall wake to sing, some happy morning-tide,

And to bear to thee my message long-deferred.

Back from the Grave.

We cannot know, but we can often stay our progress thither. Disease, like everything else, must have a beginning. All chronic maladies tend to shorten life, and render it a species of martyrdom while they last. Malaria, kidney complaint, chronic indigestion, rheumatism—all have small beginnings, and may be stayed at the outset with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This excellent tonic and alterative is adapted alike to the prevention of disorders of the system and to their removal, and its early use cannot be too strongly advocated. To renew appetite and insure tranquil rest, there is no surer and pleasanter means than the Bitters. The effects of overwork and exhaustion, mental or physical, are counteracted by it, and the busy merchant, the tired clerk or operative, and the brain weary student, author or newspaper man, derive from it present relief and future energy.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—7-room house, with barn, 106 Chatham street; \$7 per month.

FOR RENT—Seven-room house on Cornelia 2d ward. Enquire at 153 Cornelia St. In good repair. Nicely located.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, very cheap—'96 lady's Columbia bicycle, good as new, at Sheldon's.

FOR SALE—My residence, at the corner of Wheeler and South Bluff streets. House has all modern improvements, and will be sold at a bargain. E. Hayman.

FOR SALE, at a Bargain—F. H. Kemp's new house, in the Second ward. D. Conger.

FOR SALE—Two boilers suitable for factory work. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE CHEAP—If taken soon—One of the finest homes in the city. Inquire at 209 Center avenue, city.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Two good building lots, but little money required. Will take city property. D. Conger.

FOR EXCHANGE—Ten acres of fine land near the city. What have you to trade? D. Conger, room 7 Lippin block.

WANTED.

NOTICE—If you have Western or Southern land, improve it, clear it, or sell it, let it be a d I can dispose of it for you. D. Conger.

WANTED—Salesman; salary paid weekly, experience unnecessary; permanent. Brown Brothers Co., Chicago.

WANTED—By young man attending the school—place to work mornings and evenings and Saturdays for board. Valentine Bros.

WANTED—by lady in country, competent girl for housework. Address C. Gazette.

WANTED—High-grade man or woman of good social and good church standing; first willing to run our business, then to act as manager and correspondent. Salary \$15 a week. Enclose self-addressed stamp & envelope to E. J. Wenkes, General Manager, care Daily Gazette.

ALL Souls Culture Club.

PEOPLE'S Lodge I. O. G. T.

Y. M. C. A. band rehearsal.

OLIVE Branch Lodge A. O. U. W.

MONTHLY meeting of the school board.

Rock River Encampment No. 3, I. O. O. F.

REVIVAL meetings at the First M. E. church.

LEAGUE of the Sacred Heart of St. Mary's church.

INTERNATIONAL Vaudeville company at the Myers' Grand.

MEETING of the city physicians in the municipal court room.

Killed By Popularity.

When on his death bed Du Maurier declared that popularity had killed him.

I believe he spoke the truth, and that he made a better diagnosis of his malady than the scientific one which the doctors give. Under a nervous strain such as "Triby's" creator endured, no man may last long unless his heart be of stone and his nerves of steel.

Long years before, in the quest of fame and fortune, the poor artist (as all poor artists do), had worn out his nervous system—as many a man of genius has done before the unheeding world discovered that he was verily of God's elect.

And then when the thunder-burst of applause did come, the shock was too great—and it killed him.

"Killed by popularity!" It sounds incredible, doesn't it?

And yet popularity is what killed poor Shelley, and the tender-hearted Keats, and, latterly, our own Eugene Field.

But, brother, to have written such things as these men wrote might make one well content to die in the fullness of one's prime.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

A Legend.

By Alice Evans Stone.

Long since, above the Indian maiden's grave.

Behind low bars her lover caged a bird;

Until what time the strange, sweet gift of song

Should in heart-piercing measures first be heard.

Then holding in his hand that fluttering form,

To it he breathed his messages of love;

These, the free bird's glad minstrelsy upbore

Unto the maid he mourned, the clouds above.

So I beside a low, dark mound still stand,

Waiting until my long-imprisoned bird

Shall wake to sing, some happy morning-tide,

And to bear to thee my message long-deferred.

Back from the Grave.

We cannot know, but we can often stay our progress thither. Disease, like everything else, must have a beginning. All chronic maladies tend to shorten life, and render it a species of martyrdom while they last. Malaria, kidney complaint, chronic indigestion, rheumatism—all have small beginnings, and may be stayed at the outset with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This excellent tonic and alterative is adapted alike to the prevention of disorders of the system and to their removal, and its early use cannot be too strongly advocated. To renew appetite and insure tranquil rest, there is no surer and pleasanter means than the Bitters. The effects of overwork and exhaustion, mental or physical, are counteracted by it, and the busy merchant, the tired clerk or operative, and the brain weary student, author or newspaper man, derive from it present relief and future energy.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—7-room house, with barn, 106 Chatham street; \$7 per month.

FOR RENT—Seven-room house on Cornelia 2d ward. Enquire at 153 Cornelia St. In good repair. Nicely located.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, very cheap—'96 lady's Columbia bicycle, good as new, at Sheldon's.

FOR SALE—My residence, at the corner of Wheeler and South Bluff streets. House has all modern improvements, and will be sold at a bargain. E. Hayman.

FOR SALE, at a Bargain—F. H. Kemp's new house, in the Second ward. D. Conger.

FOR SALE—Two boilers suitable for factory work. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE CHEAP—If taken soon—One of the finest homes in the city. Inquire at 209 Center avenue, city.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Two good building lots, but little money required. Will take city property. D. Conger.

FOR EXCHANGE—Ten acres of fine land near the city. What have you to trade? D. Conger, room 7 Lippin block.

WANTED.

NOTICE—If you have Western or Southern land, improve it, clear it, or sell it, let it be a d I can dispose of it for you. D. Conger.

WANTED—Salesman; salary paid weekly, experience unnecessary; permanent. Brown Brothers Co., Chicago.

WANTED—By young man attending the school—place to work mornings and evenings and Saturdays for board. Valentine Bros.

WANTED—by lady in country, competent girl for housework. Address C. Gazette.

WANTED—High-grade man or woman of good social and good church standing; first willing to run our business, then to act as manager and correspondent. Salary \$15 a week. Enclose self-addressed stamp & envelope to E. J. Wenkes, General Manager, care Daily Gazette.

ALL Souls Culture Club.

PEOPLE'S Lodge I. O. G. T.

Y. M. C. A. band rehearsal.

OLIVE Branch Lodge A. O. U. W.

MONTHLY meeting of the school board.

Rock River Encampment No. 3, I. O. O. F.

REVIVAL meetings at the First M. E. church.

LEAGUE of the Sacred Heart of St. Mary's church.

INTERNATIONAL Vaudeville company at the Myers' Grand.

MEETING of the city physicians in the municipal court room.

Killed By Popularity.

When on his death bed Du Maurier declared that popularity had killed him.

I believe he spoke the truth, and that he made a better diagnosis of his malady than the scientific one which the doctors give. Under a nervous strain such as "Triby's" creator endured, no man may last long unless his heart be of stone and his nerves of steel.

Long years before, in the quest of fame and fortune, the poor artist (as all poor artists do), had worn out his nervous system—as many a man of genius has done before the unheeding world discovered that he was verily of God's elect.

And then when the thunder-burst of applause did come, the shock was too great—and it killed him.

"Killed by popularity!" It sounds incredible, doesn't it?

And yet popularity is what killed poor Shelley, and the tender-hearted Keats, and, latterly, our own Eugene Field.

But, brother, to have written such things as these men wrote might make one well content to die in the fullness of one's prime.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

THE JAMESVILLE GAZETTE

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER

Entered at the postoffice at Jamesville, Wis., as second class matter

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE NO. 17
Business Office.....77-2
Editorial Room.....77-3

Terms of Subscription.
Daily edition, one year.....\$6.00
Part of a year, per month.....1.50
Weekly edition, one year.....1.50

Special Advertising Notice.
We charge full rates for cards of thanks, obituary notices, financial statements of insurance companies, and all other class of items not considered news.

We publish free marriages, deaths, and obituary notices without charge; also notices of church and society meetings.

We publish at half rates church and society notices of entertainments given for revenue.

THIS DAY IN HISTORY.

1770—Boston massacre; citizens killed by British soldiers. The Boston massacre had great influence in arousing popular feeling against English oppression. The immediate cause was resistance to the importation of articles subject to royal tax.
1832—Isaac Israel Hayes, Arctic explorer, born in Chester county, Pa.; died 1881.
1889—Mary Louise Booth, American author and editor, died in New York; born 1831.
1896—Hippolyte Adolphe Taine, French historian and critic, died in Paris; born 1818.
1895—Colonel David Ramsey Clendenen, a veteran of the Union army, distinguished in cavalry warfare, died at Galesburg, Ill.; born 1830.
1896—Governor Frederick T. Greenhalge of Massachusetts died at Lowell; born 1812.

THE NEW PRESIDENT.

No president since Lincoln has entered upon the performance of his duties under more trying conditions than Mr. McKinley. On the one hand are expectant millions of admirers who seem to think that in his hands he holds a lamp more powerful than that of Aladdin for bringing back prosperity. These are impatient and critical, and may fail to recognize the difficulties in his path, and the time necessary for remedial policies to act upon the country's ills. On the other hand is a powerful minority, in control of the senate, eager to turn any movement—most of all, any mistake—to partisan advantage. The latter's finances are in disorder and its foreign policy has been so shaped that it requires skillful handling to readjust it to traditional American ideas. To placate or disarm opposition in the senate without offending adherents; to vindicate the honor of our flag without involving the country in needless complications; to restore reciprocity while increasing the nation's revenues—these are but a few of the problems the new president and his advisers, with the support, if it continued, of a divided congress, are to try to solve. That he may be able to overcome the difficulties which stand in the way of their solution with credit to himself and with honor to the nation is the prayer of every patriot.

HOLD SPAIN RESPONSIBLE.

The renewed interest taken in the Cuban question by congress has an ominous significance for Spain. It is evident that a more resolute attitude against that country will be taken by the United States henceforth than has been maintained up to this time. Of course, the duties of the United States as a neutral will continue to be performed, but the reciprocal obligations of Spain will be insisted upon. The rights of American citizens in Cuba will be guarded more rigidly and intelligently than they have been recently. It is undeniable that the success of the Cubans in maintaining themselves against overwhelming odds which are arrayed on the other side and their rejection of all schemes of settlement except absolute separation from Spain, are winning them the respect of the world. Spain's difficulties in the island are likely to increase as time passes.

NO TIME TO SQUANDER MONEY.

Speaker Reed will be helped rather than hurt by the hostility toward him shown by the persons interested in the appropriations which he prevented. Some things which are called economy, of course, are really extravagance, but there is a strong probability that none of the items which the speaker has been influential in striking out of the appropriation bills belong to this category. The rules of the house place great power in the speaker's hands, and the present official, as even his political enemies are now beginning to concede, is using his authority wisely. This is an exceedingly good time for those having any influence over the money bills to postpone all expenditure except that which is especially urgent.

A strong cabinet, mentally, physically and politically, is that which President McKinley has chosen to advise him. The men who will compose it will not be merely head clerks, as the members of President Cleveland's cabinet were, but will be actual advisers of the president.

The \$10,000 worth of opium, recently seized by treasury agents at San Francisco, might be advantageously used in putting the co-operators to sleep for a while, as they are now one of the greatest obstacles to an immediate resumption of prosperity.

It would seem that investing money in prospective concessions for railroads etc. in China is just about as risky as buying lottery tickets. The latest

news says the C. P. Huntington syndicate has received a black eye.

The report that General Weyler has resigned may or not be true, but, unless he intends to turn over a new leaf in his treatment of Americans in Cuba, he would better resign.

American citizens and the American flag are going to be respected in every quarter of the world this administration. Mark the prediction.

President McKinley has made a good start and everybody knows how advantageous that is in everything.

A great deal of the campaign enthusiasm was revived at the inauguration of McKinley and Hobart.

Now for the republican tariff bill, and then for a long era of general prosperity.

CHICAGO MARKETS BY WIRE.

Chicago, March 5.—[Special]—Receipts of wheat at primary markets are 297,000 compared with 189,000 and export clearances are 170,000 compared with 103,000 last Friday. The increase is entirely at Minneapolis and Duluth. The sensational advance in the Liverpool market and a decline it consols opened our market a cent higher, but as usual on every advance somebody was willing to supply the demand and more too, and when the demand was filled then Liverpool was reported lower and the early buyers hurried to secure a loss. Manipulation of the wheat market is evident and I repeat again that the only safe way is to ignore public news which seem to be made to order, but regardless of news and manipulations the fact remains that the European situation has assumed an entirely new and critical phase and I confess that notwithstanding my bearish views on wheat, I dare not preach it in the face of that situation and I would rather be wrong for a cent on the bull side than for ten cents on the bear side. Outside of the war news there is nothing to bull wheat on, at least not July wheat. Provisions have again made a new record and some day the local crowd and the scalpers will get tired selling it. There is no risk buying it on weak spots. Even corn shows a disposition to rebel against the unanimous verdict of the trade. Towards the close the sellers of calls who had already been whip sawed twice had to take some more better medicine.

ROBERT LINDBLOM.
Chicago Board of Trade quotations furnished The Gazette by Robert Lindblom & Co., to Spoon & Law Commission Co., No. 24 West Milwaukee street.

	Opening.	High.	Low.	Close.
May Wheat.....	76 1/2	76 3/4	75 3/4	75 3/4
July Wheat.....	73 1/2	73 3/4	72 3/4	72 3/4
May Corn.....	24 1/2	24 3/4	24 1/4	24 1/4
July Corn.....	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/4	25 1/4
May Oats.....	17 1/2	17 3/4	17 1/4	17 1/4
July Oats.....	18 1/2	18 3/4	18 1/4	18 1/4
May Pork.....	\$8.30	\$8.37	\$8.25	\$8.35
July Pork.....	8.45	8.45	8.45	8.45
May Lard.....	4.20	4.20	4.17	4.20
July Lard.....	4.27	4.27	4.27	4.27
May Short Ribs.....	4.35	4.40	4.36	4.47
July Short Ribs.....	4.47	4.47	4.47	4.47

Puts 74 1/2-75 1/2. Calls 76 1/2. Curb 75 1/2.

SUSTAIN RAMSAY'S BONDSMEN

Appellate Judges at Mount Vernon Reverse Lower Court's Decision.

Carlyle, Ill., March 5.—The Appellate Court, in session at Mount Vernon, Ill., decided against the creditors of the Ramsay Bank in their contest with the Chicago bondsmen. When Ramsay was state treasurer he arranged with a syndicate of Chicago bankers to indorse his bond as sureties. When he died he was a defaulter as state treasurer in the sum of \$363,000. The bondsmen paid this amount over to Ramsay's successor, and filed a claim for the amount against the Ramsay estate. The creditors contested before Judge W. Wall of the Circuit Court. He declared the \$363,000 claim of the bondsmen was illegal, and that the bondsmen were the parties to a conspiracy in manipulating state funds. It is this decision that has been reversed and remanded in the Appellate Court. The case will be reopened at the May term of the Circuit Court in this city.

APPLAUD M'KINLEY'S ADDRESS

English Bankers Commend the Position Taken by the President.

London, March 5.—The financial clauses of President McKinley's message to congress have been received in business circles here with every expression of satisfaction. The representatives of the Rothschilds' banking houses said that they were much pleased with the position taken by the President, adding: "It is excellent, most excellent."

The governor of the Bank of England, Albert G. Sandeman, said the financial clauses of the message were "thoroughly sound and of a clear, honest, conservative tone." He would not express an opinion on the international bimetalism clauses.

In the Indiana Legislature.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 5.—The senate worked all day Thursday on the appropriation bill, and did not more than get through with the state departments. It adopted the joint resolution condemning "The Story of Liberty," and killed an effort to pull the anti-quart shop bill out of the temperance committee, by referring the resolution demanding a report to the same committee. The house concurred in the amendments of the senate to the building and loan bill, and it now goes to the Governor. A senate bill repealing the law prohibiting aliens from holding land in the state more than five years was defeated in the house. The house passed the senate bill giving county treasurers 6 per cent of their delinquent tax collections, and the senate bill providing that each township must take care of its own poor.

ALL LOUD IN PRAISE OF THE 1897 FAIR

SECOND MIDWINTER SHOW A BIG SUCCESS.

All Expenses Have Been Paid Without Levying an Assessment—Rock County People Delighted Over the Way Things Were Managed—A Few Changes Discussed.

There was as much bustle and activity about the Lowell store this morning as if the Midwinter fair were still running. The delivery of exhibits was nowhere near completed, and half the committee were on duty all forenoon. Three days of the hardest kind of work had made most of them willing to rest, however, and there was no strife for the hard places.

The work in connection with the fair this year was nearly double what it was last year, but a thorough systemization gave some relief. The finances were placed in C. C. MacLean's management and expenditures were watched so carefully that the \$150 of cash subscriptions paid all debts for institute, school and fair. F. L. Clemons managed the entry books, assisted by Mrs. Will Ford, and of all the prizes awarded only one went astray. President Geo. M. McKey looked after everything in general and was on duty early and late. The other members of the committee—Robert M. Hostwick, W. H. Greenman, Dr. E. D. Roberts, C. S. Putnam, J. P. Baker, F. M. Marzluff, W. P. Sayles, F. S. Sheldon, George D. Simpson, Alex. G. Braith, P. J. Mount and J. C. Wilmarth—were scattered among the various departments. The heaviest strain came when the delivery of exhibits began. There were nearly 2,000 culinary exhibits. Alone and the task of setting them out was prodigious. It was complicated by the number of sales made, and the fact that strict amount had to be kept so exhibitors could get their money when they called for their plates.

The county people, upon whose cooperation the success of the fair depended, had nothing but enthusiastic praise to offer. Good words for Jamesville and Jamesville people were heard on every side.

Should the fair be continued another year, and the general feeling seems to be favorable, a few changes have been indicated as desirable. One is the closer classification of horse exhibits. There is likely to be in future, at least two and perhaps three classes of farm horses, so that justice may be done in all weights. In the culinary department the great need is for something to simplify the delivery of goods. If all exhibits could be put on wooden plates the loss of plates would be obviated and much time saved. It would also simplify matters if everything in the culinary department were subject to sale, instead of less than half the exhibits as this year.

A center of interest during the fair was the Wilson & McCalley Tobacco Company's display. Bert Button was in charge and distributed about 2,000 sample plugs and 1,500 premium lists. A jar of beans was shown, and 1,518 guesses were registered. Out of that number eight guessed the exact number of beans—1,053. Instead of one butt, therefore, the company gave out as prizes eight tatts of Kingbolt plug, the winners being Charles P. McLean, J. B. Grant, C. Campbell, John Brody, R. Walker, C. Palker, George Campbell and Fred Weller.

Malieta Is in Danger.

Auckland, N. Z., March 5.—Advices received here from Samoa, dated February 23, say that a strong body of natives under the leadership of Chief Tamasese, ex-king of Samoa, profiting by the absence of warships, are threatening King Malieta at Apia, the capital. Fighting was expected and the foreign consuls were powerless to quell the disturbance without warships. King Malieta was placed in power in 1889 by the United States, Great Britain and Germany acting in concert.

Income-Tax Bill Passes.

Columbia, S. C., March 5.—On a tie vote Lieut-Gov. McSweeney decided against continuing the income tax bill till next session in the Senate, and the measure passed as it came from the House. It is indorsed by the Governor, so there is no doubt as to its receiving his signature. A Senator in advocating the bill said, as it affected only net incomes, farmers would not be affected by it. The act becomes operative January 1, 1898.

Philippines Drain Spain.

Madrid, March 5.—Advices from Manila say that the army of Spain in the Philippine Islands is being decimated by ague and dysentery. The authorities are now convinced that it will be necessary to send twenty more battalions of troops to the Philippines in order to suppress the insurrection.

Not Signed by Cleveland.

Washington, March 4.—The Indiana, agricultural and sundry civil appropriation bills failed to become laws, as they were not signed by President Cleveland before 12 o'clock Thursday, when his term expired. The general deficiency appropriation bill failed in conference.

No News of Crew's Relief.

Washington, March 5.—At the Spanish legation here no news relating to the release of the Competitors' crew, as reported from Key West, has been received. The Spanish minister declined to express even an opinion as to the probability of the truthfulness of the report.

Rider's Racket Store.

Labor is Cheap!
Farm Products are Cheaper
Our Goods are the Cheapest!

Reats all Uncolored Japan Tea, lb 25c.
A big cake of Scouring Soap, 5c.
Scouring Brick, large and best, 5c.
Best and only Sapello, 5c.
Mammoth Sifting Top Box of Bluing, 5c.
On top patent lever Mop Stick, 10c.
Three Hole Mouse Trap, 3c.
No. 2 Lamp Chimney, 5c.
Large Coal Hod, 15c.
Two hoop wood Water Pail, 15c.
14-qt Dishpan, 15c.
2-qt Teapot, 10c.
Wood Potato Masher, 5c.
2 large clear glass Table Tumblers, 5c.
60-foot Clothes line, 5c.

RIDER'S, near Grand Hotel

163 W. Milwaukee St.

No Fooling About Meat.

Your daily order is safe with Kammer if you want

A STEAK,
A CHOP,
A ROAST,
A BOIL-

ing piece. Our wagons take your orders every morning. All you do is telephone 219. We do the rest.

Corner Western and Center Ave
Telephone 219.

SATURDAY CASH PRICES AT NOLAN BROS.

Pure Gold Flour, (Carroll & Fair) \$1.00
Picnic Hams 5 1/2
22 lbs. Sugar 1.00
12 lbs. Oatmeal25
Strictly fresh Eggs, per doz. 15
Nice Bright Table Syrup, per gal 12
4 1/2 lbs. strictly pure Lard... .. 25
4 cans best Corn 25
Dairy Butter, guaranteed good as creamery 17
1 gal. can Apples 18
3 cans Peaches 25
8 qts. Beans 25
9 bars Kirk's Best Washing Soap 25
8 bars Cyclone Soap 25
8 bars White Nickel Soap.. 25
Home grown Potatoes, per bushel 20
Pail Jelly 30
Fancy nice Lemons 12 1/2

NOLAN BROS.

Next Grand Hotel, 'phone 172.

The Fire Alarm!

Jamesville firemen realize that there is a difference in the result when they are one minute instead of twenty going to a fire.

Every person in this city who has been treated by the New York Specialist has shown wonderful improvement, while a few have been discharged, cured. When we know that these cases were of a chronic type, of long standing, and had been treated by prominent physicians who pronounced them incurable; we must admit that his methods are different from the methods of those who failed to cure, while the result would indicate that his methods are correct. Yet, delays are dangerous. When your house takes fire you waste no time in experiments. If your body is in danger act as promptly and there will be less damage to repair. You can build another house, but extra bodies are not supplied.

M. ALDEN MOREHOUSE, Specialist,
Murdoch Flats, North Franklin St.

Palmer & Bonesteel

We have a full line of the



Medicines For Sale. Try the Sarsaparilla,

The Great Blood Medicine

PALMER & BONESTEEL, The Druggists.

See our Window.

The Perfume of Violets

The purity of the lily, the glow of the rose, and the flush of Hebe combine in PIZZONI's wondrous Powder.



..SUITS AND SKIRTS..

Newest creations are first here, spring lines are fast getting in shape and we show many exclusive things in Skirts and Suits of

MOHAIRS,
COVERTS,
SICILIANS,
POPLINS,
NOVELTY BOURETTES,
MORIE VELOIR,
TAFFETA SILK, &c.

Two-piece Suits, Jacket and Skirt of different materials are a season's fad well represented here.

A lively interest is already noted in the garment department. Undoubted leadership here!

ARCHIE REID & Co.

THE END OF WINTER DROP

In shoe prices is on at our store, and with a vengeance.

Ladies! we still have a few pair of those \$5.00 Enamel Shoes that must be sold, and to push them out \$3 in hurry have reduced them to Dirt cheap price you can bet.

Remember every 50c cash purchase entitles you to a bicycle ticket.

Those \$4.00 box calfs, ladies', we have reduced to \$3.00; they are cheap at that price. Should you buy a pair for cash you get six chances on the bicycle.

We have some nice calf shoes we are closing out at \$2.00 worth \$2.50 and \$3.00; fine welt sole, low priced, and you get bicycle tickets with these if you pay cash.

Immense line of Misses' and Children's shoes. Kangaroo calf lace shoes for Misses, 11 1/2 to 2 size, \$1.50; 8 1/2 to 11 size, \$1.25; fine stock.

Boys' shoes \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50; strong; well made; can't be equalled in the city, and remember the chance of getting the wheel just as good as ever. The bicycle will be given away March 15th. Better lay your ropes to get it.

Spring Goods

are coming every day; all the newest and latest styles in shoes imaginable. Our stock this season will be the best selected, most complete of any ever brought into the city. We will give you particulars later on them.

Bennett and Cram,

ON THE BRIDGE.

SAW A MAN'S HEART WITH THE X RAYS

WONDERFUL EXHIBITION OF
ROENTGEN'S DISCOVERY.

Dr. W. H. Palmer Shows Other Physi-
cians the Workings of the First
Complete Apparatus Yet Brought
To This City—Human Body Made
As Transparent as Fine Plate Glass

Janesville physicians saw something
that they never saw before at Dr. W.
H. Palmer's office last evening—the
heart of a man who was healthy and
strong, and whose flesh had never felt
the sting of a surgeon's knife.

While a pale green light spattered
and danced within an odd shaped ves-
sel of glass, and a metallic odor filled
the room, they looked through objects
entirely opaque, and even sighted the
vitals of a living man.

Dr. W. H. Palmer has the first com-
plete apparatus for generating the fa-
mous Roentgen rays, yet brought to
Janesville, and gave an exhibition of
the possibilities of the rays at his
office. Dr. J. F. Pember, Dr. J. P.
Thorne, and Dr. George W. Fifield
were the guests, and they looked
at the bones in each other's
hands and arms; saw the keys that
were placed in the center of thick
books; counted the coins placed inside
a leather pocketbook; and looked
through inch boards the same as if
they had been slabs of plate glass.

The final test, however, was the
most wonderful, and filled the physi-
cians with a feeling of awe when they
stopped to consider the wonderful
achievement of science.

A young man of medium build was
stripped to the waist, and placed be-
fore the buzzing Crookes' tube.

Saw a Man's Heart.

The green light from the odd
shaped bulb of glass turned his body
to the pallid color of death, but gradu-
ally the shadows melted away as the
fly wheel was turned rapidly, and the
man's ribs, spinal column, and stern-
num came into sight.

"Wonderful!" Dr. Pember remarked
as he stepped back to let Dr. Fifield
take his place.

"But that is not all," said Dr. Pal-
mer, "we can see his heart beat."

After seeing that the apparatus was
in working order again Dr. Palmer
turned off the gas and spun the fly-
wheel around rapidly. An instant
later a dark spot appeared on the left
side of the patient who sat before the
apparatus, and the heart began to as-
sume form. When the rays became of
full power the heart could be seen
plainly, but before the pulsations be-
came apparent Dr. Palmer was forced
to shut off the current for fear the
tube, which had been taxed by the
previous tests, should become too hot.
The exhibition was intensely inter-
esting, and especially so to the medi-
cal men who could realize its full value
in the practice of their profession.

ROOT FAILS TO MAKE TIME

Long Distance Cyclist Covers 100 Miles In
15 1-2 Hours.

Downhearted and disgusted James
Root, the long distance cyclist, arrived
in the city at 1:30 o'clock yesterday,
completely covered with mud. He
had covered his hundred miles but he
was just an hour and a half behind
the century time limit. He says the
roads between this city and Rockford
are well nigh impassable because of
the mud, but he will "try it again"
later on.

BAPTIST Y. P. S. C. E. ELECT

New Officers are Chosen For the Next Six
Months.

At the semi annual meeting of the
Y. P. S. C. E. of the Baptist church,
the following officers were elected:
President—J. T. Fitchett.
Vice President—W. O. Wilcox.
Recording Secretary—Mae Gibbs.
Treasurer—W. J. Garlock.
Missionary Treasurer—Marie Snyder.

PROF. MAYNE ON EARLY DAYS.

Tells High School Scholars of the Old-Time
Classes.

Prof. D. D. Mayne delivered an in-
teresting lecture to the scholars of the
High school on his early experiences
as a teacher when he was in charge of
a lot of country boys and girls. At
that time it was a sad among the boys
to "put the teacher out."

BOUND BY THE TIE OF LOVE.

Quirk-Pickering.

E. J. Quirk and Miss Hattie Pick-
ering were married at St. Patrick's
church Tuesday morning, by Rev.
Father Collins. Both Mr. and Mrs.
Quirk are well known Janesville peo-
ple, and they will continue to reside
in this city. The groom is a cigar
manufacturer.

No Burnt Fingers.

We have a match that absolutely
does away with the liability of burn-
ing your fingers. It is called the Pro-
tector, and burns down to about a
half an inch from the end and then
goes out; splendid match for every-
body to use. Sanborn & Co.

Attention, A. O. H.

All members of Divisions Nos. 1
and 3 A. O. H., are requested to meet
at Columbia hall Sunday afternoon at
2:30 o'clock. By order

J. J. KELLY,
J. J. CALLHAN.

Fresh Fish For Friday—plenty of
them—the choicest kinds and all vari-
eties. Sanborn.

A COLUMN OF LOCAL GOSSIP.

A SALE of shoes for men at Richard-
son's

13 CENTS a dozen for eggs at San-
born's.

Two dozen strictly fresh eggs for 25
cents at Sanborn's.

Eggs, eggs, eggs only 13 cents a
dozen at Sanborn's.

STRICTLY fresh eggs 13 cents a
dozen at Sanborn's.

GREAT line of dress skirts just in at
Bort, Bailey & Co's.

OVER 100 new dress skirts just in
at Bort, Bailey & Co's.

\$4 for a \$7.50 enameled shoe, S. &
G. make at Richardson's.

MONEY to loan on real estate without
commission. S. D. Grubb.

ALL the eggs you want only 13
cents a dozen at Sanborn's.

THE Light Infantry members have
organized an indoor base ball team.

DELICIOUS fancy big pineapples only
35 cents each, just in at Sanborn's.

CABLE offers for Saturday only to
close out balance of car, 55 barrels
New York apples at \$1.60 per barrel.

MIDGET sweet pickles 25 cents a
quart, great table delicacies, at San-
born's.

PINEAPPLE sauce is nice, we have
some choice pineapples at 35 cents.

Sanborn.

FROM \$7 to \$4 that is the way Rich-
ardson cuts the price of enamel shoes
for men.

FINE oranges plenty of them 10
cents a dozen, 3 dozen 25 cents at
Sanborn's.

VIOLETS 20 cents a bunch or two
bunches for 35 cents at W. T. Sherer's
tomorrow.

THOSE strictly fresh eggs 13 cents
a dozen, two dozen for 25 cents at
Sanborn's.

\$5 patent leather shoes \$3.50, and
Strong & Garfield's goods at that.

No man should overlook a bet like
Richardson offers; \$7.50 shoes at \$4.
Great saving.

RICHARDSON's enamel shoes are caus-
ing a great stir. Not often you get
\$7 shoes at \$4.

\$5, \$6 and \$7 patent leather shoes
odd sizes but good styles for men only
\$2 at Richardson's.

ALL new styles. No old skirts to
show. Those we have are all fresh
stock. Bort, Bailey & Co.

OUT of over 100 different dress skirts
you will have no trouble in getting
your exact fit. Bort, Bailey & Co.

LITTLE Midget sweet pickles, try
them at our store; you will surely buy
a quart; 25 cents all we ask. San-
born.

EX-ALDERMAN Henry Kueck says
that he has received several letters
from Henry Engelke, written in Ger-
man.

MEN'S calf, cork sole, calf lined regu-
lar \$5 shoes, to close out the few odd
sizes they go at \$3. A. Richardson
Shoe Co.

FOR RENT—Light desirable room in
rear of store at 21 West Milwaukee
street, for dressmaking parlor. En-
quire at store.

Mrs. JOHN KILMER of Afton, and
Rob Cornish of Fort Atkinson, were in
Janesville yesterday to see Dr. McPh-
erson, the eye specialist.

Those wishing to leave orders or to
see Mr. Switzer can always find him
at his office on Saturday evening at
Palmer & Bones' store.

If your grocer does not keep Pearl
White or Vienna flour and refuses to
send them to you you can get them
at the mill. J. M. Shackleton.

DRESS skirts are cheaper this year
than they ever were last, therefore,
we can save you much money on new
style garments. Bort, Bailey & Co.

You don't know how good that pure
Ohio maple sugar is until you have
tried it. We guarantee every pound of
it, only 12½ cents. Sanborn & Co.

A BARGAIN matinee will be given by
the International Vaudeville company
Saturday afternoon. Admission will
be ten cents to any part of the house.

WHY not have a change of food from
the every day customary meal. A few
fresh radishes, some lettuce, celery or
tomatoes; we receive green goods fresh
daily. Sanborn's.

WE are still selling canned goods at
remarkably low prices and especially
high quality. People are coming for
second and third orders, and that
speaks volumes. Sanborn.

LOWELL will have an office in his
former tin shop at the rear of his old
store all this week. All those indebted
to the Lowell Hardware Company
will save costs by calling on him.

A DELICIOUS table article is the Little
Midget sweet pickle, it is small and
just the right size for the table, 25
cents a quart, all we ask. Come in
and try them. Sanborn & Co.

THAT Beloit estate that had not
been settled in the Milwaukee probate
court and had remained unclaimed so
many years was not an extensive one.
It consisted of a small stone house
and a lot.

THROUGH the kindness of Mrs.
Waite of Afton, the white skirt which
took the \$65 Singer sewing machine
prize at the Midwinter Fair, will be on
exhibition at our store for a week or
more; also the skirt which carried off
the second prize. J. M. Bostwick &
Sons.

A CIRCUIT of thirty cities is being
arranged by the manager of the Inter-
national Vaudeville company. The
idea is to present a high grade, up-to-
date vaudeville program in each city
twice a year with a complete change
of cast. The success of the campaign's
first performance in Janesville indi-
cates that a return engagement would
be very profitable.

SAFE BLOWERS TRY TO GET THE CASH

EXPERTS WORK AT THE ST.
PAUL DEPOT.

Attempt to Break Into the Four Ton
Strong Box Fails, the Robbers
Being Frightened Away Before
They Completed Their Work—
Police Have No Clue.

Experienced safe-blowers made an
attempt to break the strong box in the
St. Paul freight depot last night, but
were evidently frightened away after
getting a good start.

The attempted robbery was discov-
ered by Edwin Johnson at seven
o'clock this morning. When he entered
the front door he noticed that the
shavings were scattered about the
floor, and found that the robbers had
whittled the end from a ruler so that
they could use it to plug up the key-
hole. All the blinds had been care-
fully closed, so the visitors could work
without the light being seen from the
outside. Sheriff Acheson was then
called by telephone.

That the cracksmen had all the
necessary tools to do their work was
made clear by the marks on the safe.

A powerful screw contrivance had
been applied to the knob, and an ef-
fort made to pull the combination out.
This attempt had failed, but the
marks made by the "feet" of the tool,
where they had been squeezed into the
metal, testified as to the force used.

Planned to Use Powder.

Failing to open the safe in this man-
ner the men had evidently decided to
use powder. Midway between the
combination and the knob on the door,
they had started to drill a hole, and
had cut into the metal to the depth of
over a sixteenth of an inch. Then they
had evidently been alarmed and fled.

Entrance had been effected by pry-
ing up a window in Agent Hinrichs'
private office, the marks of the tools
used being apparent.

The safe contained less than ten
dollars, so they would not have prof-
ited much if they had been successful.
The company make remittances every
day on the 4:45 o'clock Chicago train,
although some times there is consid-
erable money in the safe. The safe
weighs 8,000 pounds and Walter John-
son said this morning that the men
could not have opened it if they had
succeeded in pulling the combination out.

W. W. Willis was sent for this morn-
ing and succeeded in opening the safe
so that the papers, etc., could be taken
out for the day's business.

The police have no clue to the rob-
bers, but they all join in one declara-
tion—that the robbers were experts.

BEYOND THE CARES OF EARTH.

Stephen VanBuren.

Stephen VanBuren formerly of this
city, died at Chicago yesterday morn-
ing of Bright's disease, aged thirty-
one years, and the remains will be
brought to this city for interment.

The funeral party will arrive at 1:05
o'clock Sunday afternoon and the re-
mains will be taken direct to the First
M. E. church, where services will be
held immediately after the arrival of
the train. Rev. H. W. Thompson will
officiate and the interment will be in
Oak Hill cemetery. Mr. VanBuren
was formerly employed in the Wood-
ruff buckle factory, and was a son of
Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester VanBuren. A
widow, his parents one sister survive
him, all residing in Chicago.

Leo Kirchhoff.

Leo Kirchhoff, the nine months old
son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Kirchhoff,
of Prairie avenue, died at 11:30 o'clock
this morning. The funeral will be
held from St. Paul's church at 2:15
o'clock tomorrow afternoon and the
services will be held at the home at
1:30.

One Way of Having Money.

We would like to ask the economi-
cal ladies why a ready made dress
skirt that hangs, fits and looks correct
is not better than the one made to or-
der. First of all it is cheaper in
price. We sell you a skirt perfectly
made in every way for what it would
cost you for the bare material. Then
again you would run no chance as to
fit and style. The skirt we show you
embodies every point found in the best
garment made. Bort, Bailey & Co.

The young men of the Y. P. S. C. E.
are planning on a social.

THE Light Infantry will give a so-
cial dance tomorrow evening.

Strikers' Ranks Are Growing.

New York, March 5.—Five hundred
more cloakmakers struck Thursday,
making 4,000 in that trade who have
left their work. It is predicted that
within a week more than 30,000 persons
will be involved in the war for living
wages.

Fatal Duel Over a Woman.

Middlesboro, Ky., March 5.—In Les-
lie County Riley Coats and Willie
Callahan fought a duel on account of
Miss Whitehead. Callahan fell dead
the first round. Coats fled and has
not been captured.

Trouble in Uruguay.

Montevideo, Uruguay, March 5.—A
state of siege has been proclaimed and
the mobilization of troops of the re-
public has been ordered to act against
the rebels.

Statistics of the Plague.

Bombay, March 5.—The total num-
ber of cases of bubonic plague recorded
in the city to date is 8,353, of which
6,979 proved fatal.

PEOPLE WHO COME AND GO.

W. F. TAYLOR was down from Mad-
ison.

HENRY D. MCKINNEY is up from Chi-
cago.

FRED MARSHALL spent yesterday in
Chicago.

FRED SMITH is home from Richland
Center.

JOHN BREHME Sr., was in Green Bay
yesterday.

J. VICKERMAN was down from Mil-
ton Junction.

W. H. SPOONER and wife have moved
here from Madison.

Mrs. CYRUS MINER has been dan-
gerously ill of late.

ATTORNEY J. L. MAHONEY spent yes-
terday in Chicago.

MISS KITTIE CUNNINGHAM has been
ill during the past week.

CLERK William Loucks of the Park
Hotel, spent the day in Madison.

MR. and Mrs. William Moore left
yesterday for their home in Beloit.

MR. and Mrs. C. E. Lee of Evans-
ville, were in the city last evening.

PROF. D. SANGERMAN of Chicago,
called on Professor D. D. Mayne to-
day.

THE Woodman's social club are
planning a masquerade later on in
season.

MISS M. L. PETERSON is once more
on duty at the postoffice after a week's
illness.

MR. and Mrs. R. H. Barlow and
George W. Wise are home from Mil-
waukee.

C. A. STILL and G. A. Gaston two
prominent Beloit business men were
here today.

BERT L. WATT is now a member of
the clerking force at the store of the
Globe Shoe Company.

MISS LOUISE WARREN, now a resi-
dent of Milwaukee, is greeting her
numerous local friends.

Mrs. GEORGE HARRINGTON was in
Whitewater last evening to attend the
marriage of her sister.

MISS FLORENCE HART MINER is home
from Chicago, being called by the ill-
ness of her mother, Mrs. Cyrus Miner.

JOHN CONNORS, who has been with
W. F. Carle for several years, will
leave in a few days for British Colum-
bia, to engage in mining. He was in
the Idaho mines four years ago.

Mrs. GRACE HAYNER was called from
Madison today, by the funeral of Wil-
liam Wright, in Beloit. She will re-
turn to Janesville tomorrow, and will
spend Sunday with Mrs. F. J. Bailey.

HARLIE ROOF left for Alabama this
morning on the "accommodation," his
health making it necessary that he
seek a milder climate. He will join
Rob. Bear in Citronelle. Dr. James
Gibson accompanied him as far as Chi-
cago.

At the La Vista Grocery:

F. S. Winslow, in the Kent blo k,
South Main street, talks strongly:
Shackleton's Pearl White Patent

flour, per sack95

McLaughlin's XXXX coffee..... .15

Lion coffee..... .15

2 pounds finest citron peel..... .25

2 pounds finest lemon peel..... .25

2 pounds finest orange peel..... .25

2 cans finest imported French
peas..... .25

1 gallon finest table syrup..... .15

Pail jelly..... .30

F. S. WINSLOW.

New dress goods arriving thick and
fast at J. M. Bostwick & Sons'.

MICHAEL BOWEN of Yuba street fell
and dislocated his left shoulder.

THE D. of R. will enjoy a social at
G. A. R. hall tomorrow evening.

At the La Vista Grocery:

F. S. Winslow, in the Kent blo k,
South Main street, talks strongly:
Shackleton's Pearl White Patent

flour, per sack95

McLaughlin's XXXX coffee..... .15

Lion coffee..... .15

2 pounds finest citron peel..... .25

2 pounds finest lemon peel..... .25

2 pounds finest orange peel..... .25

2 cans finest imported French
peas..... .25

1 gallon finest table syrup..... .15

Pail jelly..... .30

F. S. WINSLOW.

New dress goods arriving thick and
fast at J. M. Bostwick & Sons'.

MICHAEL BOWEN of Yuba street fell
and dislocated his left shoulder.

THE D. of R. will enjoy a social at
G. A. R. hall tomorrow evening.

At the La Vista Grocery:

F. S. Winslow, in the Kent blo k,
South Main street, talks strongly:
Shackleton's Pearl White Patent

flour, per sack95

McLaughlin's XXXX coffee..... .15

Lion coffee..... .15

2 pounds finest citron peel..... .25

2 pounds finest lemon peel..... .25

2 pounds finest orange peel..... .25

2 cans finest imported French
peas..... .25

1 gallon finest table syrup..... .15

Pail jelly..... .30

F. S. WINSLOW.

New dress goods arriving thick and
fast at J. M. Bostwick & Sons'.

MICHAEL BOWEN of Yuba street fell
and dislocated his left shoulder.

THE D. of R. will enjoy a social at
G. A. R. hall tomorrow evening.

At the La Vista Grocery:

F. S. Winslow, in the Kent blo k,
South Main street, talks strongly:
Shackleton's Pearl White Patent

flour, per sack95

McLaughlin's XXXX coffee..... .15

CHAS. FOLSOM HELD IN \$3,000 BONDS

CLINTON MAN MUST STAND
TRIAL FOR ARSON.

Examination Ends in the Finding of
Sufficient Cause to Bind the De-
fendant Over—Bail Raised From
One to Three Thousand Dollars
—Some Other Legal Matters.

Charles Folsom, of Clinton, who is
charged with setting fire to the big
hay barn owned by Giles Burt, at the
village, was held for trial by Judge
Phelps at the conclusion of his exami-
nation in the municipal court this
morning.

THE MOSLEM WORLD.

Its Wrath Rising Against the Policies of Europe.

It almost seems as if the words of the deceased French statesman, Jules Simon, who died in June last, had in them the possibilities of a prophecy. Beware! he said, in substance, of the Mohammedans. "They see Europe overrunning Asia and Africa. The question with them is, 'To be or not to be?' The relations between the conquered Moslem peoples are being secretly revived. Everything in the east is asleep; nothing is dead. Be on your guard against the awakening." These words are brought to mind by the dispatch of the Herald's special correspondent in Constantinople, Mr. Sidney Whitman. It is a remarkable dispatch and is worthy of serious consideration by the peoples of Europe. The Moslem world is weary of domination and interference and senseless slaughter in the name of Christian civilization. Among the Softas, the leaders of thought in the Turkish Mohammedan world, the conviction gains ground, Mr. Whitman says, that the twilight of Moslem rule in Constantinople has come. "Remembering their warlike past, the Mohammedans have in despair resolved to light the funeral pyre. The English attacks on the sultan have increased their determination to face unflinchingly the worst." There is probably a great truth in these words, and if the torch of the fanatics is once lighted throughout the Moslem world who can tell the end? The Italians have been defeated and driven out of Abyssinia by the Negus, who is a Christian, but who had to make alliance with the dervishes in order to maintain his independence and his very existence. Now the English are pressing on to the sacred city of the dervishes in the Sudan, with the intention of wiping that stronghold of Moslemism out of existence. Will they or can they succeed? "Reflect," says Jules Simon, "that there are behind the dark curtain in Asia and Africa more than two or three civilizations of immense antiquity, ready to recognize and revive their ancient glories, and all the more formidable that after long resistance they have condescended to use the weapons acquired from us." Must we beware of the awakening of this sleeping fanaticism of the Moslem world?—New York World.

Facts About Aluminum.

In 1855 a pound of aluminum cost \$200. So late as 1889 it sold for four dollars and a half a pound. Now it is quite within the probabilities that in another year it will be profitably produced for 35 cents a pound. Nature has been lavish enough, in this instance, but man is slow to learn her secret. In its various compounds—and it enters into the composition of a very large number of minerals—aluminum forms about one-twelfth of the crust of the earth. Ordinarily it is extracted from the oxide, alumina, which is the chief constituent of common clay. Until recently, however, only expensive processes have served to separate the metal from the combinations in which it is found. During the past two or three years American scientists and inventors have overcome many of the old obstacles. The first article ever made of the metal was—in compliment to Louis Napoleon, who had helped St. Clair Neville, the first manufacturer—a table for the baby Prince Imperial. At present it seems almost impossible to name a use to which the metal may not be put. Aluminum is lighter than glass, and only one-fourth as heavy as silver, which it somewhat resembles. Though it is as hard as zinc, scarcely any metal is equally malleable and ductile. It can be drawn into the finest wire and hammered into the thinnest sheets. Is sold at a low price aluminum, which does not tarnish, would largely supplant silver for decorating purposes. It is an excellent conductor, and might take the place of copper in electrical plants. Since no metal save steel of the highest grade is, weight for weight, its equal in strength, it would compete with the former in almost every manufacturing industry. France and Germany have built several torpedo boats of aluminum, finding that its lightness insures speed and that it resists corrosion and galvanic action better than any other metal. Yachts, rowboats, bicycles, horseless carriages, surgical instruments, skates, even cooking utensils have already been made from it.

Make Nuisances of Themselves.

There are some persons who are never satisfied unless making a noise. For them the bicycle is too silent a steed, and they have been endeavoring to find some method of racket-making while riding. The latest for the noise-loving rider is the big gong attached to the rear wheel, which clangs like a street-car gong and makes timid persons fear that they are about to be run down by a trolley car. This is only one form of nuisance. The other is a rubber band attachment to the frame of the wheel. The rubber bands are used for the reason that, when the wind is blowing and the rider is pedaling in its direction, the bands set up a humming sound that is really hideous. Several runaways have been caused by the buzzing of the rubber.

A Question of Sense.

"Why don't you want to take Freckles in as a partner?"

"Freckles was once engaged to my wife. Do you suppose I want a man in my business who is smarter than I?"—Fliegende Blaetter.

This Is a Mean Hint.

A Boston spinster was found dead in a public park with a revolver in one hand and a mirror in the other. The police are undecided as to which weapon was used.

A New Thing in Wall Paper.

An entirely new thing in wall paper is the Persian design. It has oriental stripes and flamboyant figures, the impress of the far east in every line and curve. It gives a rich and restful aspect to the apartment in which it is used. It will cost a pretty penny to have your library and dining room papered in the Persian style, for the proper things to go with Persian paper are embroidered portieres as window curtains, and they are expensive. There are no borders for Persian paper, which goes from top to bottom of the walls and gives the effect of great height to the room.

What is called scenery paper is wall paper upon which there is a panoramic picture of historical scenes, landscapes, sea views and miscellaneous subjects. It is put on the wall above the wooden wainscoting, and, when properly done, presents an attractive appearance. It is one of the newest things in wall papers and has caught the fancy of New York. One of the favorite styles is a Watteau design. The shepherds and shepherdesses, with their gamboling lambs, their beribboned crooks, are an attractive decoration for any room.

No shade requires more careful handling than green. But if the proper tint is found the effect is delightful. To make a success of rooms in green delicate tints must be employed. A shade of green which has recently obtained much favor is jade green, which, with a liberal use of white, makes a decoration for a room particularly delightful and agreeable, especially for summer cottages.—Decorator and Furnisher.

Mrs. Gladstone.

A woman's silent influence on the affairs of a nation is shown in the career of Mrs. Gladstone. She is not a social or political leader, nor in any way a diplomat in petticoats. She is responsible, however, far more than is generally known, not only for her husband's vigorous health at his ripe old age, but also for his great ability to accomplish the amount of work he has done through his public life and since his retirement. When he was in office, it was her ceaseless care that he should not be distracted by anything that she could prevent, words that meant remarkable self abnegation. The interests of a growing family of seven children, with a fond and proud mother, might easily have made considerable demand upon the father's attention, but neither this nor any social duties, nor any household perplexities, were ever permitted to touch his leisure from statecraft cares. Her watchfulness has not decreased these later years. She is still his best physician and saves his strength in innumerable ways, trifling in themselves, but important in the aggregate and possible only to one who has made such saving a life study. Blessed herself with excellent health all her life, she wears her 83 years lightly, and still shows many traces of the handsome Miss Glynn who captivated the rising young M. P. over half a century ago.—Exchange.

A Noteworthy Suffrage League.

Millington is a small village in Franklin county, Mass. Although the village contains only about a dozen families, some of its women are very much interested in the cause of woman suffrage, and last October they decided to form a woman suffrage league, hoping they might be able thereby to help the movement a little. At present the league consists of but seven members, but they are hoping that a few others may join them later on. It is officered by a president and secretary. They do not hold regular meetings; but, as the secretary writes me, "Any member can call a meeting at any time when she sees an opportunity to do any good for the cause." She also says, "We are pledged to go every year to our annual town meeting, thinking, by so doing, to convince the voters that we are interested and would gladly be voters too." They feel the necessity as well as the justice of women voting, and they wish to help the cause all they can.

They have taken the name of the Woman's Full Ballot league. They believe that the wrongs and ills which afflict mankind are due to error and injustice in some form, and that the full ballot for women will be one means for the advancement of our civilization.—Woman's Journal.

The Sachet.

The writer again has been importuned personally and by letter to say a word of protest against the excessive use in public places of the sachet. Many people do not mind this stifling fragrance. Others, however, are most sensitive to the effect of these sachet powders hidden away in the muffs, hats, wraps, collarettes, etc., worn at public entertainments, the theater especially. One little dainty sachet is almost as delicately scented as one little bunch of violets, but pounds of this potent powder, scattered among hundreds of people in an overheated, often ill ventilated interior, soon render the atmosphere almost unbearable. It was well known in Paris that the late M. Worth could not endure the faintest breath of perfume and that he announced the fact very positively to his fair patrons. Delicate odors like violet, the old-fashioned lavender, lemon verbena, the genuine extract of rose leaves, etc., have their charm to most people, but the dense, dull distillations from scores of different overpowerful perfumes are both unpleasant and unhealthy.—New York Post.

A Woman Apothecary.

Miss Agnes P. Mahony of New York was recently appointed apothecary at the Manhattan State hospital, on Ward's island. Miss Mahony graduated some years ago from the training school for nurses on Blackwell's island. Afterward she studied medicine and was for several years in the medical ward of St. John's guild, on Staten Island. She then entered the New York College of Pharmacy and won a prize of \$100 for scholarship. She was the only woman in a class of 180.

Dangers of the Grip.

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for La Grippe, we have to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dread disease. It will effect a permanent cure in less time than any other treatment. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale at C. D. Stevens' Pharmacy, Corner Main and Milwaukee streets.

From Cripple Creek.

After the big fire in Cripple Creek, I took a severe cold and tried many remedies without help, the cold only becoming more settled. After using three small bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, both the cough and cold left me, and in this high altitude it takes a meritorious cough remedy to do any good.—G. B. Henderson, Editor Daily Advertiser. For sale at C. D. Stevens' Pharmacy, Corner Main and Milwaukee streets.

Rheumatism Quickly Cured.

After having been confined to the house for eleven days and paying out \$25 in doctor bills without benefit, M. Frank Dolson of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., was cured by one bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm costing 25 cents and has not since been troubled with that complaint. For sale at C. D. Stevens' Pharmacy, Corner Main and Milwaukee streets.

Tour of Old Mexico.

Under escort of American Tourist association. Beau Campbell, General manager. January 15 and February 27. Sleeping and dining cars and special baggage cars through all the tour without change. More miles and days in Mexico, more cities and towns than ever offered. Tickets include all expenses, sleeping and dining cars, hotels, etc. Apply to any ticket agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway for further particulars.

Many cases of "Grippe" have lately been cured by One Minute Cough Cure. This preparation seems especially adapted to the cure of this disease. It acts quickly thus preventing serious complications and bad effects in which this disease often leaves the patient. C. D. Stevens.

Notice of Drawing Jury.

Notice is hereby given that the petit jurors to serve at the April term of the Circuit court for Rock county, A. D. 1897, will be drawn at the office of the clerk of the Circuit court for said county, at the court house in the city of Jamesville in said county at two o'clock p. m. on Monday the 15th day of March A. D. 1897.

THOS. W. GOLDIN, Clerk Circuit court Rock county.

Don't allow the lungs to be impaired by the continuous irritation of a cough. It is easier to prevent consumption than to cure it. One Minute Cough cure taken early will ward off any fatal lung trouble. C. D. Stevens.

The Hot Springs

located in the Black Hills of South Dakota have wonderful medicinal properties for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, and kindred ailments, and should be investigated by all suffering from such troubles. First class hotel accommodations and baths. Tourist tickets on sale daily and especially low rates on the first and third Tuesdays of each month. Full information furnished on application to ticket agents C. & N. W. R'y.

They are so small that the most sensitive persons take them, they are so effective that the most obstinate cases of constipation, headache and torpid liver yield to them. That is why DeWitt's Little Early Risers are known as the famous little pills. C. D. Stevens.

Excursion Rates to Carson City For the Great Fight.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will sell round trip excursion tickets to Carson city, Nevada at \$77.50 on March 12 and 13, good for return until March 25 on account of the Corbett and Fitzsimmons prize fight. Short line via Omaha. Electric light vestibule trains. Leave Jamesville 6:35 p. m.

Torturing, itching, scaly skin eruptions, burns and scalds are soothed at once and promptly healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the best known cure for piles. C. D. Stevens.

Chinaware



Is a round subject and we can tell all about it. We know our stock and know that it is the largest and finest in the market. Dinner and tea sets in infinite variety. Handsome and artistic pieces at moderate prices. Some new designs in china and other wares. Your attention especially requested to the 100 piece dinner sets at \$7.50 and up.

W. G. WHEELLOCK.

A Sale. A Big Sale. A Special Sale. A Sale for Men.



STRONG & GARFIELD

Enamel Shoes, Orient last like cut, reduced to

\$4.00 FROM \$7.00

The most credulous ones say "There must be some mistake; probably never sold for \$7.00." But they have, all the season. \$4.00 doesn't let us out on the cost of them. They must go; we need room; we can't afford to carry them over, and therefore make this unheard of sacrifice. Every good point known to fine shoemaking is embodied in these shoes.

ONE MORE REDUCTION

Strong & Garfield \$5.00 Patent Leather Shoes, guaranteed strictly hand made shoes, go for

\$3.50.

We certainly could not make a living should we sell shoes at these prices all the time, but our anxiety to clean up for spring stock drives us to it. Winter is not over of course; lots of time to wear heavy shoes

Men's \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.00 shoes, a few odd sizes, go at

\$2.00

Great bargains if you can get your size. Always bear in mind the fact that your cash buys shoes of us--- nothing else. We save you money on shoe leather.

THE A. RICHARDSON SHOE CO.

C. O. D. Shoe Dealers.

THE PRESIDENT'S INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

President McKinley's inaugural address, delivered immediately after he had taken the oath of office, is as follows:

Fellow Citizens:—In obedience to the will of the people and in their presence, by the authority vested in me by this oath, I assume the arduous and responsible duties of President of the United States, relying on the support of my countrymen and invoking the guidance of Almighty God. Our faith teaches that there is no safer reliance than upon the God of our fathers, who has so singularly favored the American people in every national trial and who will not forsake us so long as we obey His commandments and walk humbly in His footsteps.

The responsibilities of the high trust to which I have been called—always of grave importance—are augmented by the prevailing business conditions, entailing idleness upon willing labor and loss to useful enterprises. The country is suffering from industrial disturbances which, with speedy relief, must be had, for the people have some revision; our money is all good now, but its value must not further be threatened. It should all be put upon an enduring basis, not subject to easy attack, nor its stability to doubt or dispute. Our currency should continue under the supervision of the government. The several forms of our paper money offer, in my judgment, a constant embarrassment to the government and a safe balance in the treasury. Therefore, I believe it necessary to devise a system which, without diminishing the circulating medium or offering a premium for its contraction, will present a remedy for these arrangements, which, temporary in their nature, might well in the years of our prosperity have been displaced by wiser provisions.

With adequate revenue secured, but not until then, can we enter upon such changes in our fiscal laws as will, while insuring safety, conserve our money, no longer impose upon the government the necessity of maintaining so large a gold reserve, with its attendant and inevitable temptations to speculation. Most of our financial laws are the outgrowth of experience and trial and should not be amended without investigation and demonstration of the wisdom of the proposed changes. We must be sure we are right and "make haste slowly."

If, therefore, congress in its wisdom shall deem it expedient to create a commission to take under early consideration the revision of our coinage, banking and currency laws, and give them the benefit of the most careful and dispassionate examination that their importance demands, I shall cordially concur in such action. If such power is vested in the President it is my purpose to appoint a commission of prominent, well-informed citizens of different parties who will command public confidence, both on account of their ability and special fitness for the task. Business experience and public training may thus be combined and the patriotic zeal of the friends of the country be so directed that such a report will be made as to receive the support of all parties and our finances cease to be the subject of mere party contention. The experiment is at all events, worth a trial, and, in my opinion, it can but prove beneficial to the entire country.

International Bimetallism.
The question of international bimetallism will have early and earnest attention. It will be my constant endeavor to secure it by co-operation with the other great commercial powers of the world. Until that condition is realized when the parity between our gold and silver money springs from the two metals the value of the silver already coined and of that which may hereafter be coined must be kept constantly at par with gold by every resource at our command. The credit of the government, the integrity of its currency and the inviolability of its obligations must be preserved. This was the commanding objective of the people, and it will not be unheeded.

Economy is demanded in every branch of the government at all times, but especially in periods like the present depression of business and distress among the people. The severest economy must be observed in all public expenditures, and extravagance stopped wherever it is found and prevented wherever in the future it may be developed. If the revenues are to remain as now, the only relief that can come must be from decreased expenditures. But the present must not become the permanent condition of the government. It has been our policy to pay our debts, not increase our outstanding obligations, and this policy must again be resumed and vigorously enforced. Our revenues should always be large enough to meet with ease and promptness not only our current needs and the principal and interest of the public debt, but to make proper and ample provision for that most deserving body of public creditors, the soldiers and sailors, and the widows and orphans who are the pensioners of the United States.

The government should not be permitted to run behind, or increase its debt, in times like the present. Suitably to provide against this is the mandate of duty; the certain and easy remedy for most of our financial difficulties. A deficiency is inevitable so long as the expenditures of the government exceed its receipts. It can only be met by loans or an increased revenue. A large annual surplus of revenue may invite waste and extravagance, inadequate revenue creates distrust and undermines public and private credit. Neither should be encouraged. Between more loans and more revenue, there ought to be but one opinion. We should have more revenue, and that without delay, hindrance or postponement. Surplus in the treasury created by loans is not permanent or safe reliance. It will suffice while it lasts, but it cannot last long while the outlays of the government are greater than its receipts, as has been the case during the last two years. Nor must it be forgotten that however much such loans may temporarily relieve the situation the government is still indebted for the amount of the surplus thus accrued, which it must ultimately pay, while its ability to pay is not strengthened, but weakened, by a continued deficit. Loans are imperative in great emergencies to preserve the government or its credit, but a failure to supply needed revenue in time of peace for the maintenance of either has no justification.

The best way for the government to maintain its credit is to pay as it goes, not by resorting to loans, but by keeping out of debt through an adequate income secured by a system of taxation, external or internal, or both. It is the settled policy of the government, pursued from the beginning and practiced by all parties and administrations, to raise the bulk of our revenue from taxes upon production entering the United States for sale and consumption—and avoiding for the most part every form of direct taxation, except in time of war. The country is clearly opposed to any needless additions to the burdens of taxation.

taxation, and is committed by its latest popular utterance to the system of tariff taxation.

There can be no misunderstanding, either, about the principle upon which this tariff taxation shall be levied. Nothing has ever been made plainer at a general election than that the controlling principle in the raising of revenue on imports is zealous care for the American interests and the American labor. The people have declared that such legislation should be had as will give ample protection and encouragement to the industries and the development of our country. It is, therefore, earnestly hoped and expected that congress will, at the earliest practicable moment, enact revenue legislation that shall be fair, reasonable, conservative, and just, and which, while supplying sufficient revenue for public purposes, will still be signally beneficial and helpful to every section and every enterprise of the people.

To this policy we are all, of what ever party, firmly bound by the voice of the people—a power vastly more potent than the expression of any political platform. The paramount duty of congress is to stop deficiencies by the restoration of that protective legislation which has always been the wisest prop of the treasury. The passage of such a law or laws would strengthen the credit of the government both at home and abroad, and go far toward stopping the drain upon the gold reserve held for the redemption of our currency which has been heavy and well-nigh constant for several years.

Reciprocity.
In the revision of the tariff special attention should be given to the re-entrenchment and extension of the reciprocity principle of the law of 1890, under which so great a stimulus was given to our foreign trade in new and advantageous markets, for our surplus agricultural and manufactured products. The brief trial given this legislation amply justifies a further extension of the principle of reciprocity, and the making of commercial treaties, the end in view always to be the opening up of new markets for the products of our country by granting concessions to the products of other lands that we need and cannot produce ourselves, and which do not involve the people of labor to our own people, but tend to increase their employment.

The depression of the last four years has fallen with especial severity upon the great body of the country, and upon none more than the holders of small farms. Agriculture has languished and labor suffered. The relief to both. No portion of our population is more devoted to the institutions of free government nor more loyal in their support, while none bears more cheerfully or fully its proper share in the maintenance of the government or is better entitled to its wise and liberal aid and protection. Legislation helpful to the producer is beneficial to all. The depressed condition of industry on the farm and in the mine and factory has lessened the ability of the people to meet the demands upon them, and they rightfully expect that not only a system of revenue shall be established that will secure the largest income with the least burden, but that every means will be taken to decrease rather than increase our public expenditures. Business conditions are not the most promising.

It will take time to restore the prosperity of former years. If we cannot promptly attain it, we must resolutely turn our faces in that direction and aid its return by friendly legislation. However troublesome the situation may appear, congress will not, I am sure, be found lacking in disposition or ability to relieve it, so far as legislation can do so. The restoration of confidence and the revival of business, which men of all parties so much desire, depend more largely upon the prompt, energetic and intelligent action of congress than upon any other single agency affecting the situation.

Duties of Citizenship.
It is inspiring, too, to remember that no great emergency in the one hundred and eight years of our eventful national life has ever arisen that has not been met with wisdom and courage by the American people, with fidelity to their best interests and the highest duty and to the honor of the American name. These years of glorious history have exalted mankind and advanced the cause of freedom throughout the world and immeasurably strengthened the precious free institutions which we enjoy. The people love and will sustain these institutions. The great essential to our happiness and prosperity is that we adhere to the principles upon which the government was established and insist upon their faithful observance. Equality of rights must prevail and our laws be always and everywhere respected and obeyed. We may have failed in the discharge of our full duty as citizens of the great republic, but it is consoling and encouraging to realize that free speech, a free press, free thought, free schools, the free and unmolested right of religious liberty and worship and free and fair elections are dearer and more universal than any other of the public necessities. These guarantees must be sacredly preserved and wisely strengthened. The constituted authorities must be cheerfully and vigorously upheld. Lynchings must not be tolerated in a great and civilized country like the United States; courts—not mobs—must execute the penalties of the law. The preservation of public order, the right of discussion, the integrity of courts and the orderly administration of justice must continue forever the rock of safety upon which our government securely rests.

One of the lessons taught by the late election, which all can rejoice in, is that the people of the United States are both law-respecting and law-abiding people, not easily swayed from the path of patriotism and honor. This is in entire accord with the genius of our institutions, and but emphasizes the advantages of inculcating even a greater love for law and order in the future. Immunity should be granted to none who violates the laws, whether individuals, corporations or communities; and as the constitution imposes upon the President the duty of both its own execution and of the statutes enacted in pursuance of its provisions, I shall endeavor carefully to carry them out.

The declaration of the party now restored to power has been in the past that of "opposition to all combinations of capital organized in trusts or otherwise to control arbitrarily the condition of trade among our citizens." and it will be supported "such legislation will prevent the execution of all schemes to oppress the people by undue charges on their supplies or by unjust rates for the transportation of their products to market." This purpose will be steadily pursued, both by the enforcement of the laws now in effect and the recommendation and support of such statutes as may be necessary to carry it into effect.

Naturalization and Immigration.
Our naturalization and immigration

laws should be further improved to the constant promotion of a safer, a better and a higher citizenship. A grave peril to the republic would be a citizenship too ignorant to understand or too vicious to appreciate the great value and benefit of our constitutions and laws—and against all who come here to make war upon them our gates must be promptly and tightly closed. Nor must we be unmindful of the need of improvement among our citizens, but with the zeal of our fathers we encourage the spread of knowledge and free education. Illiteracy must be banished from the land if we shall attain that high destiny as the foremost of the enlightened nations of the world, which, under Providence, we ought to achieve. Reform in the civil service must go on, but the change should be real and genuine, not perfunctory or prompted by a zeal in behalf of any party, simply because it happens to be in power. As a member of congress I voted and spoke in favor of the present law, and I shall attempt its enforcement in the spirit of the law. The purpose in view was to secure the most efficient service of the best men who would accept appointment under the government, retaining faithful and devoted public servants in office, but shielding none under the authority of any rule or custom who is inefficient, incompetent or unworthy. Disinterestedness of the country demands this, and the people heartily approve the law wherever and whenever it has been thus administered.

Congress should give prompt attention to the restoration of our American merchant marine, once the great sea lanes in all the great ocean highways of commerce. To my mind, few more important subjects so imperatively demand its intelligent consideration. The United States has progressed with marvelous rapidity in every field of enterprise and endeavor, until we have become foremost in nearly all the great lines of inland trade, commerce and industry. Yet, while this is true, our American merchant marine has been steadily declining until it is now lower, both in the percentage of tonnage and the number of vessels employed, than it was prior to the civil war.

Commerce and navigation has been made of late years in the upbuilding of the American navy, but we must supplement these efforts by providing a proper consort for it, a merchant marine amply sufficient for our carrying trade to foreign countries. The question is one that appeals both to the business and to the patriotic aspirations of a great people.

Foreign Policy.
It has been the policy of the United States since the foundation of the government to cultivate relations of peace and amity with all the nations of the world, and this accords with my conception of our duty now. We have cherished the policy of non-interference with the affairs of foreign governments, wisely inaugurated by Washington, keeping us free from foreign entanglements, whether as allies or foes, content to leave undisturbed with them the settlement of their own domestic concerns. It will be our aim to pursue a firm and dignified foreign policy, which shall be just, impartial, ever watchful of our national honor and always resting upon a basis of reciprocity and the lawful rights of American citizens everywhere. Our diplomacy should seek nothing more and accept nothing less; we must avoid the temptation of territorial aggression. War should never be entered upon until every possibility of peace has failed; peace is preferable to war in almost every contingency.

Arbitration is the true method of settlement of international as well as local or individual difference. It was recognized as the best means of adjustment of differences between employers and employees by the forty-third congress, in 1886, and its application was extended to our diplomatic relations by the unanimous concurrence of the senate and house of the fifty-first congress, in 1890. The latter resolution was accepted as the basis of negotiations with us by the British house of commons in 1895 and upon our invitation a treaty of arbitration between the United States and Great Britain was signed at Washington and transmitted to the senate for its ratification in January last. Since this treaty is clearly the result of our own initiative, since it has been recognized as the leading principle of our foreign policy, and since it represents the history of the adjustment of difficulties by judicial methods rather than by force of arms—and since it presents to the world the glorious example of reason and peace, not passion and war, controlling the relations between two of the greatest nations of the world, an example to be followed by others. I respectfully urge the early action of the senate thereon, not merely as a matter of policy, but as a duty to mankind.

The importance and moral influence of the ratification of such a treaty can hardly be overestimated in the cause of advancing civilization. It may well engage the best thought of the statesmen and people and every country, and I cannot but consider it fortunate that it was reserved to the United States to have the leadership in so grand a work.

Extra Session of Congress.
It has been the uniform practice of each President to avoid, so far as possible, the convening of congress in extraordinary session. It is an example which, under ordinary circumstances, should be followed by a public necessity, is to be commended. But a failure to convene the representatives of the people in congress in extra session when it involves neglect of a public duty places the responsibility of such neglect upon the executive himself. The condition of the public treasury, as has been pointed out, demands the immediate consideration of congress. It alone has the power to provide revenues for the government. Not to convene it under such circumstances I can view in no other sense than the neglect of a plain duty.

I do not sympathize with the sentiment that the convening of congress in extra session is a dangerous to our general business interests. Its members are the agents of the people, and their presence at the seat of government in the execution of the sovereign will should not operate as an injury, but a benefit. There could be no better time to put the government upon a sound financial and economic basis than now. The people have only recently voted that this should be done, and nothing is more binding upon the agents of their will than the obligation of immediate action.

It has always seemed to me that the postponement of the meeting of congress until more than a year after it has been chosen deprives congress too often of the inspiration of the popular will and the country of the corresponding benefits. It is evident, therefore, that to postpone action in the presence of so great a necessity would be unwise on the part of the legislature because unjust to the interests of the people. Our actions now will be free from mere partisan consideration that if the question of tariff revision was postponed until the regular session of congress, we are nearly two years from a congressional decision, and politics cannot so greatly distract us as in such contest was immediately pending. We can approach the problem calmly and patriotically, without fearing its effect upon an early election. Our fellow citizens who may disagree with us

upon the character of this legislation prefer to have the question settled now, even against their preconceived views—and perhaps settled so seasonably, that I trust and believe it will be as to insure great permanence—than to have further uncertainty menacing the vast and varied business interests of the United States. Again, whatever action congress may take will be given a fair opportunity for trial before the people are called to pass judgment upon it, and this I consider a great essential to the rightful and lasting settlement of the question.

In view of these considerations I shall deem it my duty as President to convene congress in extraordinary session on Monday, the 15th day of March, 1897.

In conclusion, I congratulate the country upon the fraternal spirit of the people and the manifestation of good will everywhere so apparent. The recent election, only most fortunately demonstrated an obliteration of sectional or geographical lines, but to some extent also the prejudices which for years have distracted our councils and marred our true greatness as a nation. The triumph of the people, whose verdict is carried into effect to-day, is not the triumph of one section, nor wholly of one party, but of all sections and all the people. The north and south no longer divide on the old lines, but upon political principles and policies; and in this fact surely every lover of the country can find cause for true felicitation. Let us rejoice in and cultivate this spirit; it is ennobling and will be both a gain and blessing to our beloved country.

It will be my constant aim to do nothing and permit nothing to be done that will arouse or disturb this growing sentiment of unity and affection, this revival of esteem and affiliation which now animates so many thousands in both the old and the antagonistic sections, but I shall cheerfully do everything possible to promote and increase it.

Let me again repeat the words of the oath administered by the chief justice, which, in their respective spheres, so far as applicable, I would have all my countrymen observe:

"I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

This is the obligation I have reverently taken before the Lord most high. To keep it will be my single purpose; my constant prayer—and I shall confidently rely upon the forbearance and assistance of all the people in the discharge of my solemn responsibilities.

Vice-President to the Senate.

As the chaplain closed Vice-President Hobart addressed the senate for the first time, speaking in strong, well-modulated tones. He said:

Senators, to have been elected to the office of Vice-President of the United States is a distinction which any citizen would prize, and the manifestation of confidence which it implies is an honor which I sincerely appreciate. My gratitude and loyalty to the people of the country to whom I owe this honor and my duty to you as well demand that I should conduct myself with the same conscientiousness and carefulness as I should in the discharge of my duties as President of the United States.

In entering upon the duties of the office to which I have been chosen I feel a peculiar delicacy, for I am aware that your body, with whom for a time I will be associated, has had but a small voice in the selection of its presiding officer, and that I am called upon to conduct your deliberations, while not perhaps your choice in point of either merit or fitness.

It will be my constant effort to aid you, so far as I may, in all reasonable expedient of the business of the senate, and I may be permitted to express the belief that such expedition is the hope of the country. All the interests of good government and the advancement toward a higher and better condition of things call for prompt and positive legislation at your hands. To obstruct the regular course of wise and prudent legislation is to obstruct the welfare and freedom of the nation. Freest discussion, is neither consistent with true senatorial courtesy, conducive to the welfare of the people nor in compliance with their just expectations.

While assisting in the settlement of the grave questions which devolve upon the senate, it will be my endeavor to guide its deliberations that its wisdom may be made fruitful in works, while at the same time exercising such fairness and impartiality within the rules of the senate as shall deserve, at least, your good opinion for the sincerity of my effort.

Unfamiliar with your rules and manner of procedure, I can only promise that I will bring all the ability I possess to the faithful discharge of every duty as it may devolve upon me, relying always upon your suggestions, your advice and your co-operation, and I should feel unequal to the task did I not trustfully anticipate that indulgent aid and consideration which you have at all times given to my predecessors and without which I could not hope to acquire myself to your satisfaction or with any degree of personal credit.

It shall be my highest aim to justify the confidence the people have reposed in me by discharging my duties in such a manner as to lighten your labors, secure your appreciation of my honest efforts to administer your rules with an eye single to the public good and promote the pleasant and efficient transaction of the public business.

I trust that our official and personal relations may be alike agreeable; that the friendships we may form here may be genuine and lasting; and that the work of the senate may redound to the peace and honor of the country and the prosperity and happiness of all the people.

Navigating the Air.

Among the novel ideas in aerial navigation is the coupling together of a number of balloons in what might be called a tandem form. In the foremost is a machine which is supposed to do the propelling. These balloons are umbrella-shaped, and contain hydrogen gas. The car is suspended a long distance below the balloon proper, and is connected with it by a frame of aluminum. The relative positions of car and balloon would be not unlike a very long-handled umbrella fully spread, the car being attached to the lower end of the handle. The motive power is an engine operated by liquid fuel. The experiments with this form of navigation are being conducted at Montgomery, Ala., by men who are fully abreast with the best scientific ideas of the day.

Can't Compel Vaccination.

The supreme court of Wisconsin has decided that the state board of health has no power to order vaccination.

France Compliments the English.

An Englishman, though generally thick skinned, does not take in an indifferent way the revilements he receives from a major part of the French press. An article in Macmillan's Magazine entitled "French and English" complains of the treatment:

In their loudly expressed loathing of the unknown country across the channel they forget their legitimate revenge, and they would pretend to fold the German to their breast, as they long since welcomed his beer, if by the pretense they could put another insult upon the loathed island. For them the Englishman is a veritable bogey—a composite monster, with the maw of the ostrich, the beak of a hawk, the claws of a tiger, the manner of a clergyman and the cunning of an ape. This terrific creature, says the French journalist, roams up and down the world, impelled only by the lust of plunder and of blood, but he is happiest when he is robbing the honest Frenchman of his due or cajoling the mild mannered Belgian (on the Congo) into the forfeiture of his ivory. Above all, this shameless hybrid is alert. If the sun never sets on his empire, his eyes never close in sleep, and ever from beneath his drooping lid he spies some fresh occasion for ruin and outrage. To his impious ingenuity no limit is set. He is capable of organizing the manufacture of dynamite and of betraying his own plot that France may tremble for the safety of her czar. Not long since a halfpenny print, in search of a headline, announced the murder of the sultan, and declared the Parisian journals, the falsehood was plainly invented by England, that monster personified, with the deliberate intent to shake the peace of Europe.

NO CONSUMPTIVE WILL DIE
SO LONG AS HE CAN DIGEST AND ASSIMILATE FOOD
All physicians admit this. Yet here the difficulty begins. How can we build up the consumptive's body as fast as the disease tears it down? Let us consider.
Cough mixtures must be avoided because they frequently contain opiates which arrest the digestion. Their only effect on the cough is by stupefying the nerves. Let them alone.
All foods that are hard to digest must be avoided, especially fats and oils. Only those foods that are easily digested and assimilated should be eaten. Foods not thus accepted by a tired do no good; they do harm. Not what is merely eaten but what is digested and assimilated gives flesh and strength.
Consumption is starvation, slow or rapid, as may be. The first symptom is, not a cough, but a tendency to lose flesh, to grow thin. Stop this tendency now. Don't wait for obvi- lung trouble. That's only a later development—only a minor point.
Stop the wasting and you master the disease—even though it may have made some slight inroads already. Increase the flesh and it can be kept out.

What is needed is an especially-prepared food—a nutriment in itself and a digester of other foods.
Such an article is the Shaker Digestive Cordial, made by the Shaker Community, of Mt. Lebanon, N. Y. It creates a natural appetite and insures the digestion of what is eaten with it. It overcomes the wasting which is fatal in the consumptive process.
A man may lose money and not die a bankrupt. One may have consumption and not die of it. This is science and sense. The success of this new remedy proves it.

READ WHAT CON McDONALD, JANESVILLE, WIS., SAYS.

Feb. 10, 1897.—I had a Bad Double Rupture for twenty-six years and failed to find any relief. I suffered great pain and tried other treatments without success. I was treated and perfectly cured by Winn & Sovereign with the Ely's Cream Balm. I am now as well as ever and cheerfully recommend any one who has a Rupture to take their treatment.

Signed,
CON McDONALD, Janesville, Wis.

If you are ruptured consult WINN & SOVEREIGN, Exclusive Owners of the

Fidelity Rupture Cure,

AT JANESVILLE, WIS., EVERY TUESDAY. Office: Room 6, over Brown Bros. & Lincoln's Shoe Store. Consultation and Examination Free.

All Cleaning

about the house, paint, floors, pots and pans, dishes and glassware, silver and tinware, can be done better, quicker and cheaper with

GOLD DUST

WASHING POWDER

than with any other cleansing compound. Largest package—greatest economy.

THE M. K. FAIRBANKS COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

Warned by Smell of Smoke...

The many fires of late have made people think about their insurance—the companies in which it is written, and the amount covered. The good business man does not forget that his property may go next. He does not expose himself to a crippling loss.

Loans placed on real estate HAYNER & BEERS.

Room 10 Jackson block.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.

The only safe, sure and reliable Female PILLS ever offered to Ladies, especially recommended to married Ladies.

Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other. Send for circular. Price \$1.00 per box, 5 boxes for \$5.00.

DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., - Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale by Harry E. Hanous, Janesville.

Did Blodson say anything when he sat down on that pin?

"I should think so; you should have just heard his remarks."

"Ah, very much to the point, I suppose."—Tit-Bits.

She Knew He Was Full.

Mrs. Crimmonbeak—What makes you so late to-night?

Mr. Crimmonbeak—I am full of business, dear.

"I supposed you were full of something."—Yonkers Statesman.

The Dute.

Young Mother—I wish I could find some way to keep baby from sucking his thumb.

Bachelor Uncle (with vivid recollections of the night before)—Try a muzzle.—N. Y. World.

Your Stomach Distresses You

after eating a hearty meal, and the result is a chronic case of Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Dyspepsia, or a bilious attack.

RIPANS TABULES

Promote Digestion, Regulate the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, Purify the Blood, and are a Positive Cure for Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, and all other diseases arising from a disordered condition of the Liver and Stomach. They act gently yet promptly, and perfect digestion follows their use.

Ripans Tablets take the place of an Entire Medicine Chest, and should be kept for use in every family.

Price, 50 Cents a box. At Druggists or by mail, J. C. RYAN'S CHEMICAL CO., 10 SPRUCE ST., NEW YORK.

CATARRH

is a LOCAL DISEASE and is the result of colds and sudden climatic changes.

For your Protection we positively state that this remedy does not contain mercury or any other injurious drug.

Ely's Cream Balm

is acknowledged to be the most thorough cure for Nasal Catarrh, Cold in Head and Hay Fever of all remedies. It opens and cleanses the nasal passages, allays pain and inflammation, heals and protects the membrane, restores the senses of taste and smell.

50c. at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Piles! Piles! Piles.

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching, and, acts as a potent cathartic, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the privy parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail, for 50c. and \$1.00 per box.

WILLIAMS' PILE OINTMENT, Proprietors, Cleveland, O. For sale by Geo. E. Klog & Co. Druggist.

The Delicious Fragrance

Refreshing coolness and soft beauty imparted to the skin by Fozzoni's Powder, commands it to all ladies.

Grocery Flurries at Sanborn's

It is so easy to save money when you go at in the proper Manner--No use to pay more for **GROCERIES** than is necessary, You will always find **SANBORN** looking after your interest, and it will be wise to keep track of his every day grocery talks:

Flour		Canned Goods.			
Washburn-Crosby Co.'s (Minneapolis) Gold Medal, \$1.10 per sack. (In ten sack lots, \$1.05.) Hard to Beat (Janesville Minnesota) Flour, \$1.00 per sack. (In ten sack lots, 95c.) We are selling quantities of flour; price probably will go up soon. That's the reason, partly.		Nothing nicer for the table than choice canned goods— that is just what these are—and see how cheap they are. One can used means more to buy.		Gallon cans Nectarines, per can 25c Gallon cans Apples, per can 20c Strictly Fresh Eggs, per dozen 15c Fancy, Fresh, Large Lemons, per dozen 15c 12 lbs Oatmeal, 25c New Ungraded Prunes, per pound 05c Fancy King Apples, per pound 05c Finest A B C grade Butter and Oyster Crackers, lb 05c Small can Raspberries in Sugar Syrup, 5c; 50 cents dozen.	
5 gallons best Oil and Galvanized Can with faucet, 95 cents. Fancy Salt Pork, per pound, 5 cents. A, B, C Crackers, all kinds, 5 Cents per pound, 4c lb by the box. Fancy Table Syrup, 20 cents gallon. 3 Gallons, 50 Cents. Strictly Fresh Eggs, 13c dozen; 2 dozen 25c.		3 lb can California Yellow Peaches, 15c; doz., \$1.60 3 lb can Golden Seal Apricots in Sugar Syrup, fine goods, 15c; dozen, 1.50 3 lb can California Cherries, 15c; dozen, 1.65 3 lb can Trilby Peaches, 10c; dozen, 1.15 3 lb can Aqua Fruta California Peaches, 13c; doz. 1.40 3 lb can King Boman Apricots, 10c; dozen, 1.10 Fancy can Figs, 20c 2 lb can Lima Beans, 10c; fine stock, 3 cans 25c 2 lb can Stringless Beans. 10c; 3 cans, 25c; per doz, 90c 3 lb can Sealed Hulled Corn, 10c; 3 cans 25c 3 lb can Ruby Tomatoes, 10c; fine goods; 3 cans 25c 3 lb can Genesee Pumpkin. 10c; 3 cans 25c; doz, \$1.00 Large can Asparagus. 35c Large can Asparagus Tips, 25c 3 lb can Spinach, 20c Gallon cans Pears, per can 25c Gallon cans Plums, per can 25c		3 lb can Tepee Blackberries, 10c; fine goods, an im- mense trade. \$1.10 per dozen. 2 lb can Beauty Sugar Peas, 10c; 3 for 25c, a bargain. \$1.00 per dozen.	
				Soap.	
				7 Bars Old Country Soap, 25c 7 Bars Fenox Soap, 25c 7 Bars Fairbanks Brown Soap, 25c 7 Bars Bluff City Soap, 25c 7 Bars Babbits Best Soap, 25c 7 Packages of all Washing Powders, 25c Gold Dust 4 pound packages. 20c	

Never forget that SANBORN does not juggle with quality in order to sell at low prices; everything dependable in what he says or does.

C. A. SANBORN & CO.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

We have just placed on sale

100 New Dress Skirts.

Every one of these fresh and new. You will be surprised at the great values. These skirts have all been manufactured within the past three weeks, and the style is absolutely correct. Just the right fullness, just the right sweep and just the right materials.

NOTICE SOME OF THE GOODS AND PRICES.

Jacquard Mohair, - -	\$1.47	Jacquard Mohair, - -	\$4.79	Plain Satin (heavy) - -	\$9.49
Jacquard Mohair, - -	1.89	Plain Mohair, - - -	2.89	Brocade Silk " - -	8 28
Jacquard Mohair, - -	2.39	Plain Mohair, - - -	2 39	Brocade India Silk, - -	6 29
Jacquard Mohair, - -	3.83	Plain Mohair, - - -	3 83	Brocade India Silk, - -	7.19
Jacquard Mohair, - -	4.29	Plain Mohair, - - -	4 29	Brocade Grenadine, - -	3.83

Also a line of nobby Colored Material at \$4.29. In many of these these the material is worth the price of the made-up garment, and you absolutely save the price of the making.

You will bear in mind that we will not show you an old garment, as we have never handled skirts before, and therefore, have no old garments to show you.

You will bear in mind that the prices on these made-up skirts is made lower this year than last year. This fact enables us to show the newest line at the lowest prices. Then bear in mind we give you all a reduction for cash. A shilling saved on this garment or two shillings saved on that **for cash**---and so throughout the line we save you money.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.